DOCUMENT PARTIALLY ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC (10.08.2016)



Delegations will find attached the four column document containing the European Parliament's amendments voted by the plenary session of the EP on 6 July 2016. New amendments as compared to the ITRE text concern smart appliances (AM 97 and 98 in Article 2 and 12(3)(ca)), the right of the customers to return the product in case of proven non-compliance (AM 96, Article 6(13a)), the product information sheet and technical documentation (AM 98, last subparagraph of Article 12(3)), voluntary agreements (AM 72, deleted) and large appliances (revert to Commission proposal, Article 12(3) (1)).

The fourth column contains some Presidency compromise proposals in view of preparing a new mandate for the second trilogue. At the Energy Working Party on 19 July 2016 the Presidency intends to examine all EP amendments. Delegations are therefore requested to react in detail to the amendments and the Presidency compromise proposals.

Changes to the Council texts are shown in **bold underline** and in the Presidency compromise proposals in the fourth column of the table in annex.

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COMISSION PROPOSAL (COD 0149/15 - doc. 11012/15)	EP PLENARY TEXT	COUNCIL GENERAL APPROACH (doc. 14699/15)	Presidency compromise proposal/ comments
THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,		THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	DELETED FROM THIS POINT UNTIL THE END OF THE COLUMN
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 194(2) thereof,		Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 194(2) thereof,	
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission, After transmission of the draft		Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission, After transmission of the draft	
legislative act to the national Parliaments, Having regard to the opinion of		legislative act to the national Parliaments, Having regard to the opinion of the	
the European Economic and Social Committee ¹ ,		European Economic and Social Committee	
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions ² , Acting in accordance with the		Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions,Acting in accordance with the	
ordinary legislative procedure, Whereas:		ordinary legislative procedure, Whereas:	

1 2 OJ C , , p. . OJ C , , p. .

Amendment 1				
Recital 1				
(1) The European Union is	(1) The European Union is	(1) The European Union is committed		
committed to building an Energy	committed to building an Energy	to building an Energy Union with a		
Union with a forward looking	Union with a forward looking	forward looking climate policy.		
climate policy. Energy efficiency is a crucial element of the	energy and climate policy.	Energy efficiency is a crucial element		
	Energy efficiency is a crucial	of the European Union's 2030 Climate		
European Union's 2030 Climate	element of the European Union's	and Energy Policy Framework and is		
and Energy Policy Framework	2030 Climate and Energy Policy	key to moderate energy demand.		
and is key to moderate energy demand.	Framework and is key to moderate energy demand <i>and</i>			
demand.	limiting greenhouse gas			
	emissions.			
		lment 2		
		ital 2		
(2) Energy efficiency labelling	(2) Energy efficiency labelling	(2) Energy [] labelling allows		
allows consumers to make	allows consumers to make	consumers to make informed choices		
informed choices with regard to	informed choices with regard to	with regard to energy consumption of		
energy consumption of products	efficient and sustainable energy-	products and thereby promotes		
and thereby promotes innovation.	<i>related</i> products and thereby	innovation. Improving the efficiency		
	makes a significant contribution	of energy-related products through		
	to energy savings and to reducing	informed consumer choice and		
	energy bills, while at the same	harmonising related requirements		
	time promoting innovation and	at Union level benefits		
	investments into the production	manufacturers, industry and the		
	of more energy efficient	EU economy overall.		
	products.			

(3) Directive 2010/30/EU of the	(3) Directive 2010/30/EU of the
European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the
Council ³ was evaluated for its	Council was evaluated for its
effectiveness ⁴ . The evaluation	effectiveness. The evaluation
identified the need to update the	identified the need to update the
Energy Labelling framework to	Energy Labelling framework to
improve its effectiveness.	improve its effectiveness.



³ OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 1. 4 COM(2015) 143

Amendment 3					
	Recital 4				
(4) It is appropriate to replace Directive 2010/30/EU by a Regulation which maintains the same scope, but modifies and enhances some of its provisions in order to clarify and update their content. A Regulation is the appropriate legal instrument as it imposes clear and detailed rules which do not give room for divergent transposition by Member States and ensures thus a higher degree of harmonisation across the Union. A harmonised regulatory framework at Union	(4) It is appropriate to replace Directive 2010/30/EU by a Regulation which maintains the same scope, but modifies and enhances some of its provisions in order to clarify and update their content <i>taking into account the</i> <i>rapid technological progress for</i> <i>energy efficiency in products</i> <i>achieved over recent years</i> . A Regulation is the appropriate legal instrument as it imposes clear and detailed rules which do not give room for divergent transposition by Member States and ensures	tal 4(4) It is appropriate to replaceDirective 2010/30/EU by a Regulationwhich maintains the same scope, butmodifies and enhances some of itsprovisions in order to clarify andupdate their content. As the energyconsumption of means of transportfor persons or goods is directly orindirectly regulated by other Unionlegislation and policies, it isappropriate to continue to exemptthem from the scope of thisRegulation. However, it isappropriate to clarify that means oftransport whose motor stays in the			
rather than at Member State level brings down costs for manufacturers and ensures a level playing field. Harmonisation across the Union ensures the free movement of goods across the Single Market.	thus a higher degree of harmonisation across the Union,. A harmonised regulatory framework at Union rather than at Member State level brings down costs for manufacturers <i>over the</i> <i>entire value chain</i> and ensures a level playing field. Harmonisation across the Union ensures the free movement of goods across the Single Market.	<u>same location during operation,</u> <u>such as elevators, escalators and</u> <u>conveyor belts, should be within the</u> <u>scope of the Regulation</u> .			

Amendment 4 Recital 4a (new)			
(4 a) It is appropriate to exempt second hand products from this Regulation, which includes all those products that have been p into service before being made available on the market for a second or additional time.			
	endment 5		
	al 4b (new)		
(4 b) Since the energy consumption of means of transport for persons or goods i directly or indirectly regulated b other Union law and policies, it is appropriate to continue to exclude them from the scope of this Regulation. That exclusion includes means of transport the motor of which remains in the same location during operation, such as elevators, escalators and conveyor belts.			

	(5) A Regulation is the appropriate
	legal instrument as it imposes clear
	and detailed rules which do not give
	room for divergent transposition by
	Member States and ensures thus a
	higher degree of harmonisation across
	the Union. A harmonised regulatory
	framework at Union rather than at
	Member State level brings down costs
	for manufacturers and ensures a level
	playing field. Harmonisation across
	the Union ensures the free movement
	of goods across the Single Market.
(5) Moderating energy demand	(6) Moderating energy demand is
is recognised as a key action in	recognised as a key action in the
the European Energy Security	European Energy Security Strategy.
Strategy ⁵ . The Energy Union	The Energy Union Framework
Framework Strategy ⁶ further	Strategy further emphasised the
emphasised the energy efficiency	energy efficiency first principle and
first principle and the need to	the need to fully implement existing
fully implement existing Union	Union energy legislation. Its Roadmap
	provided for a review of the energy
energy legislation. Its Roadmap provided for a review of the	efficiency framework for products in
energy efficiency framework for	
	2015. This Regulation will improve the logislative and enforcement
products in 2015. This Regulation	the legislative and enforcement
will improve the legislative and	framework for energy labelling.
enforcement framework for	
energy labelling.	

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COM/2014/330 COM(2015) 80 final 6

(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and enhanced societal awareness(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and enhanced societal awareness(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and enhanced societal awareness benefits the Union economy overall, drives innovation and will contribute to the achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets. It will also(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and energy demand achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets. It will also allow consumers to save money.(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and energy-related products through informed consumer choice and energy demand achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets. It will also allow customers to save money.	Amendment 6 Recital 7				
for research, innovation and investments into energy efficiency, and allows industries which develop and produce the most energy efficient products to gain a competitive advantage. It will also contribute to the achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets, as well as to the Union's environmental and climate goals.	energy-related products through informed consumer choice benefits the Union economy overall, drives innovation and will contribute to the achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy	(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed consumer choice and enhanced societal awareness benefits the Union economy overall, reduces energy demand and saves money on energy bills. It also contributes to energy security, provides an incentivise for research, innovation and investments into energy efficiency, and allows industries which develop and produce the most energy efficient products to gain a competitive advantage. It will also contribute to the achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets, as well as to the Union's	(7) Improving the efficiency of energy-related products through informed <u>customer</u> choice benefits the Union economy overall, drives innovation and will contribute to the achievement of the Union's 2020 and 2030 energy efficiency targets. It will		

Amendment 7 Recital 8			
(8) The conclusions of the European Council of 23 and 24 October 2014 set an indicative target at Union level of at least 27% for improving energy efficiency in 2030 compared to projections of future energy consumption. This target will be reviewed by 2020 having in mind an Union level of 30%. They also set a binding EU target of at least 40% domestic reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990, including a 30% reduction of emissions in non-ETS sectors.	deleted	(8) The conclusions of the European Council of 23 and 24 October 2014 set an indicative target at Union level of at least 27% for improving energy efficiency in 2030 compared to projections of future energy consumption. This target will be reviewed by 2020 having in mind an Union level of 30%. They also set a binding EU target of at least 40% domestic reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 compared to 1990, including a 30% reduction of emissions in non-ETS sectors.	

Amendment 8 Recital 9			
(9) The provision of accurate, relevant and comparable information on the specific energy consumption of energy-related products facilitates the customer's choice in favour of those products which consume less energy and other essential resources during use. A standardised mandatory label is an effective mean to provide potential customers with comparable information on the energy consumption of energy- related products. It should be supplemented with a product information sheet. The label should be easily recognisable, simple and concise. To this end the existing dark green to red colour scale of the label should be retained as the basis to inform customers about the energy efficiency of products.			
	understandable. To this end the		

	established set of colours of the		
	label, dark green to red, should		
	be retained as the basis to inform		
	customers about the energy		
	efficiency of products.		
(recital 9 continued)	<i>The known</i> classification using	(9a) A classification using letters from	
A classification using letters from	letters from A to G has shown to	A to G has shown to be cost effective	
A to G has shown to be most	be most effective for customers.	for customers. <u>However, in some</u>	
effective for customers. In	Its uniform application across	cases, such as reaching insufficient	
situations where because of	products groups should raise	savings across the full spectrum of	
ecodesign measures under	transparency and understanding	the seven classes, a shorter scale	
Directive 2009/125/EC products	among customers. In situations	could be appropriate. In situations	
can no longer fall into classes 'F'	where because of ecodesign	where because of ecodesign measures	
or 'G', those classes should not be	measures under Directive	under Directive 2009/125/EC	
shown on the label. For	2009/125/EC products can no	products can no longer fall into	
exceptional cases this should also	longer fall into classes 'F' or 'G',	classes 'F' or 'G', those classes should	
be extended to the 'D' and 'E'	those classes should <i>nonetheless</i>	not be shown on the label. For	
classes, although this situation is	be shown on the label <i>in dark</i>	exceptional cases this should also be	
unlikely to occur given that the	grey, in order to maintain a	extended to the 'D' and 'E' classes,	
label would be rescaled once a	unified scale from A to G for all	although this situation is unlikely to	
majority of product models falls	product groups. In that context,	occur given that the label would be	
into the top two classes.	the dark green to red colour scale	reviewed in view of rescaling []	
*	of the label should be retained for	once 30 percent of the products []	
	the remaining upper classes and	sold falls into the top [] class and	
	should only apply to new product	further tecnological development	
	units placed on the market.	can be expected soon.	

(9b) When suppliers supply a label	
with a product they place on the	
market, it should accompany in a	
paper form each unit of the product	
complying with the requirements of	
the relevant implementing act. If	
the implementing act allows it, the	
label may instead be printed on the	
packaging of the product. The	
relevant implementing acts should	
set out the most effective way of	
displaying the labels, taking into	
account implications for consumers,	
suppliers and dealers. The dealer	
should be able to display the	
supplied label together with the unit	
in the position required by the	
relevant implementing act.	

Amendment 9				
Recital 10				
(10) Advances in digital	(10) Advances in digital	(10) <u>Advances</u> in digital technology		
technology allow for alternative	technology allow for alternative	allow for alternative ways of []		
ways of delivering and displaying	ways of delivering and displaying	supplying and displaying labels and		
labels electronically, such as on	labels electronically, such as on	product information sheets		
the internet, but also on electronic	the internet, but also on electronic	electronically, such as on the internet		
displays in shops. In order to take	displays in shops. In order to take	or via the product database, but also		
advantage of such advances, this	advantage of such advances, this	on electronic displays in shops.		
Regulation should allow the use	Regulation should allow the use	Without affecting the obligation of		
of electronic labels as replacement	of electronic labels	the supplier to provide the label in		
of or complementary to the	complementary to the <i>printed</i>	physical form, [] such technological		
physical energy label. In cases	energy label. This provision does	advances should be taken advantage		
where it is not feasible to display	not affect the duty of the supplier	of. Therefore, this Regulation should		
the energy label, such as certain	to accompany each unit of a	allow the use of electronic labels as		
forms of distance selling and in	product with a printed label for	replacement of or complementary to		
advertisements and technical	the dealer. In cases where it is not	the physical supply of the energy		
promotional material, potential	feasible to display the energy	label, and include the alternative to		
customers should be provided at	label, potential customers should	allow in implementing acts for the		
least with the energy class of the	be provided at least with the	product information sheet to be		
product.	energy class of the product <i>model</i> .	delivered only by means of the		
	The delegated acts for specific	information available in the product		
	product groups could also	<u>database</u> .		
	establish alternative provisions			
	for displaying the label for small-			
	sized products, and when			
	identical products are displayed			
	together in large quantity.			

(10a) In cases where it is not feasible
to display the energy label, such as
certain forms of distance selling and
in advertisements and technical
promotional material, potential
customers should be provided at least
with the energy class of the product,
the range of the efficiency classes
available on the label and, where
appropriate, energy consumption.
In the case of radio advertising it
would be appropriate for
implementing acts to provide for
less comprehensive details to be
included.

Amendment 10				
	Recital 11			
(11) Manufacturers respond to	(11) Manufacturers respond to	(11) Manufacturers respond to the		
the energy label by creating ever	the energy label by <i>developing</i>	energy label by creating ever more		
more efficient products. This	and placing on the market ever	efficient products. This technological		
technological development leads	more efficient products. In	development leads to products		
to products populating mainly the	parallel, they discontinue the	populating mainly the highest classes		
highest classes of the energy	production of less efficient	of the energy label. Further product		
label. Further product	products, stimulated to do so by	differentiation may be necessary to		
differentiation may be necessary	Union law relating to ecodesign.	allow customers a proper comparison,		
to allow customers a proper	This technological development	leading to the need to rescale labels.		
comparison, leading to the need to	leads to <i>product models</i>	[] This Regulation should therefore		
rescale labels. For the frequency	populating mainly the highest	lay down detailed arrangements for		
of such rescaling a timescale of	classes of the energy label.	rescaling in order to maximise legal		
approximately ten years would be	Further product differentiation	certainty for suppliers and dealers. []		
appropriate, taking into account	may be necessary to allow			
the need to avoid over burdening	customers a proper comparison,			
manufacturers. This Regulation	leading to the need to rescale			
should therefore lay down	labels. For the frequency of such			
detailed arrangements for	rescaling a timescale of			
rescaling in order to maximise	approximately ten years would be			
legal certainty for suppliers and	desirable, taking into account the			
dealers. A newly rescaled label	need to avoid over burdening			
should have empty top classes to	manufacturers and dealers, with a			
encourage technological progress	special consideration for small			
and enable ever more efficient	businesses. Such an approach			
products to be developed and	should avoid unnecessary or			
recognised. When a label is	inefficient rescaling that would			
rescaled, confusion to customers	damage both manufacturers and			
should be avoided by replacing all	consumers. This Regulation			
energy labels within a short	should therefore lay down			
timeframe.	detailed arrangements for			
	rescaling, in order to maximise			

legal certainty for suppliers and	
dealers. Before any rescaling, the	
Commission should carry out a	
thorough preparatory study.	
Depending on the product group	
and based on a detailed	
assessment of its potential, a	
newly rescaled label should have	
empty space at the top of the	
scale to encourage technological	
progress and enable ever more	
efficient product models to be	
developed and recognised. When	
a label is rescaled, confusion to	
customers should be avoided by	
replacing all energy labels within	
a short and feasible timeframe,	
and by making the visual	
appearance of the rescaled label	
easily distinguishable from the	
old label, together with adequate	
consumer information	
campaigns clearly indicating that	
a new version has been	
introduced resulting in an	
improved appliance	
classification.	

Amendment 11			
Recital 11a (new)			
Recital 11a (new) (11a) [] The frequency of such rescaling should be determined by the percentage of products sold that fall in the top class and should [] take into account the need to avoid over burdening [] suppliers and dealers, as well as the speed of technological progress. A newly rescaled label should have one empty top class to encourage technological progress, provide for regulatory stability and limit the frequency of rescaling. In exceptional cases, where technology is expected to develop more rapidly, requirements			
should be laid down so that no products are expected to fall in the top two classes at the moment of the introduction of the label.			

(11 a) The current evolution of labels established by delegated acts adopted pursuant to Directive 2010/30/EU gives rise to the need for an initial rescaling of existing labels, in order to ensure a homogeneous A-G scale, adapting them to the requirements of this Regulation.	(11b) When rescaling, the	
	Commission should carry out an appropriate preparatory study, and in order to preserve the unity of the label over the long term, the possibility to rescale should be open if it is unlikely that the set conditions for rescaling would be fulfilled.	

(12) In the case of a rescaled	(12) When a label is rescaled,
label, suppliers should provide	confusion to customers should be
both the old and the rescaled	avoided by replacing all energy
labels to dealers during a certain	labels within a short timeframe.
period. The replacement of the	(moved from recital 11) In the case of
existing labels on products on	a rescaled label, suppliers should
display, including on the Internet,	provide both the old and the rescaled
with the rescaled labels should	labels to dealers during a certain
take place as quickly as possible	period. The replacement of the
after the date of replacement	existing labels on products on display,
specified in the delegated act on	including on the Internet, with the
the rescaled label. Dealers should	rescaled labels should take place as
not display the rescaled labels	quickly as possible after the date of
before the date of replacement.	replacement specified in the []
	implementing act on the rescaled
	label. Dealers should not display the
	rescaled labels before the date of
	replacement.

(13) It is necessary to provide for	(13) It is necessary to provide for a
a clear and proportionate	clear and proportionate distribution of
distribution of obligations	obligations corresponding to the role
corresponding to the role of each	of each operator in the supply and
operator in the supply and	distribution process. Economic
distribution process. Economic	operators should be responsible for
operators should be responsible	compliance in relation to their
for compliance in relation to their	respective roles in the supply chain
respective roles in the supply	and should take appropriate measures
chain and should take appropriate	to ensure that they only make
measures to ensure that they only	available on the market products
make available on the market	which are in conformity with this
products which are in conformity	Regulation and its [] <u>implementing</u>
with this Regulation and its	acts.
delegated acts.	



	Amendment 12			
	Recit	tal 14		
(14) In order for customers to	(14) In order for customers to	(14) In order for customers to retain		
retain trust in the energy label,	retain trust in the energy label, <i>the</i>	trust in the energy label, other labels		
other labels that mimic the energy	use of other labels that mimic the	that mimic the energy label should not		
label should not be allowed to be	energy label should not be	be allowed to be used for energy-		
used for energy-related products.	allowed to be used for energy-	related products covered by labelling		
Additional labels, marks, symbols	related products. Additional	<u>requirements. However, as long as</u>		
or inscriptions that are likely to	labels, marks, symbols or	such products are not covered by		
mislead or confuse customers	inscriptions that are <i>not clearly</i>	other energy related requirements		
with respect to the consumption of	differentiated from the energy	at Union level, Member States		
energy should not be allowed	efficiency label and could	should be able to maintain or		
either.	mislead or confuse customers	introduce new national schemes for		
	with respect to the consumption of	the labelling of products. Additional		
	energy or any other	labels, marks, symbols or inscriptions		
	characteristics covered by the	that are likely to mislead or confuse		
	<i>relevant delegated act</i> , should not	customers with respect to the		
	be allowed either.	consumption of energy should not be		
		allowed []. Labels provided for in		
		EU legislation such as the labelling		
		of tyres with respect to fuel		
		efficiency and other environmental		
		parameters, and additional labels		
		such as the EU Energy Star and EU		
		Ecolabel should not be considered		
		as misleading or confusing.		

Amendment 13 Recital 15				
(15) In order to ensure legal certainty, it is necessary to clarify that rules on Union market surveillance and control of products entering the Union market provided for in Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁷ apply to energy-related products. Given the principle of free movement of goods, it is imperative that the market surveillance authorities of the Member States cooperate with each other effectively. Such cooperation on energy labelling should be reinforced through support by the Commission.	(15) In order to ensure legal certainty, it is necessary to clarify that rules on Union market surveillance and control of products entering the Union market provided for in Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council apply to energy-related products. Given the principle of free movement of goods, it is imperative that the market surveillance authorities of the Member States cooperate with each other effectively, <i>through</i> <i>ongoing exchanges of</i> <i>information, particularly</i> <i>regarding the outcome of product</i> <i>conformity assessments and their</i> <i>consequences. Furthermore,</i> <i>custom authorities of the</i> <i>Member States should be</i> <i>involved in the exchange of</i> <i>information on energy-related</i> <i>imported products from third</i> <i>countries into the Union. The</i> <i>Group of Experts on Ecodesign</i> <i>and</i> Energy Labelling <i>Administrative Co-operation</i>	(15) In order to ensure legal certainty, it is necessary to clarify that rules on Union market surveillance and control of products entering the Union market provided for in Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council apply to energy- related products. Given the principle of free movement of goods, it is imperative that the market surveillance authorities of the Member States cooperate with each other effectively. Such cooperation on energy labelling should be reinforced through support by the Commission to the Group of Experts on Ecodesign and Energy Labelling Administrative Co-operation Working Group (ADCO).		

OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30.

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Working Group (ADCO) should		
be reinforced and enhanced by		
the Commission as framework		
for the cooperation of market		
surveillance authorities.		
	(15a) It is recalled that market	
	surveillance activities covered by	
	Regulation (EC) 765/2008 are not	
	directed exclusively towards the	
	protection of health and safety, but	
	also applicable to the enforcement	
	of Union legislation which seeks to	
	safeguard other public interests,	
	including energy efficiency. In line	
	with the market surveillance action	
	plan for safer and compliant	
	products for Europe, the	
	Commission should complete and	
	update the general risk assessment	
	methodology available in the	
	RAPEX Guidelines so that they	
	cover all risks, including those	
	related to energy labelling.	
	relation to other g., rabelling.	

Amendment 14 Recital 15a (new)			
(15 a) In			
	surveillance and,		
	mpetition in the		
	-		
	and to use scarce		
	e most efficient		
way, national			
	uthorities should		
	liance monitoring		
	hysical product		
testing, and the	e Information and		
Communicati	on System on		
Market Surve	llance (ICSMS) to		
exchange inf	rmation about		
0,000	ompleted product		
-	e available testing		
protocols and	0		
outcome of th			
avoiding doub			
8	0		
paving the wa			
	ellence for physical		
	s should be shared		
	st does not show		
that there has	been a breach.		

		(15b) The Commission should, by	
		means of implementing acts, in	
		order to ensure uniform conditions	
		for the implementation of the Union	
		safeguard procedure, determine	
		whether measures taken by	
		Member States in respect of non-	
		compliant energy related products	
		are justified or not.	
		ment 15	
	Recit		
(16) In order to facilitate the	(16) Without prejudice to the	(16) Without prejudice to the	
monitoring of compliance and to	Member States' market	<u>obligation to [] check product</u>	
provide up-to-date market data for	surveillance obligations, in order	<u>conformity</u> , in order to facilitate the	
the regulatory process on	to <i>set up a useful tool for</i>	monitoring of compliance and to	
revisions of product-specific	consumers, to facilitate the	provide up-to-date market data for the	
labels and information sheets,	monitoring of compliance and to	regulatory process on revisions of	
suppliers should provide their	provide up-to-date market data for	product-specific labels and	
product compliance information	the regulatory process on	information sheets, suppliers should	
electronically in a database	revisions of product-specific	provide their labels, product	
established by the Commission.	labels and information sheets,	information sheets and technical	
The information should be made	suppliers should provide <i>the</i>	documentation [] electronically in a	
publicly available to provide	<i>required</i> product compliance	database established by the	
information for customers and to	information electronically in a	Commission. The information on	
allow for alternative ways for	database established and	energy labels and product	
dealers to receive labels. Market	<i>maintained</i> by the Commission.	information sheets should be made	
surveillance authorities should	The <i>part of the</i> information	publicly available to provide	
have access to the information in	addressed to consumers should	information for customers and to	
the database.	be made publicly available on the	allow for alternative ways for dealers	
	public interface of the product	to receive labels. The technical	
	<i>database. That</i> information	documentation should not be made	
	should be made available as open	publicly available but only to market	
	data so as to give 'app'	surveillance authorities and the	
	unin so us to give upp	sur comune authorities and the	

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Т			
	developers and other comparison	<u>Commission []. Where some</u>	
	tools the opportunity to use it.	technical information is so sensitive	
	Easy direct access to the public	that it is inappropriate to include it	
	interface of the product database	in the category of technical	
	should be facilitated by a	documentation as detailed in the	
	dynamic quick response code	relevant implementing acts, market	
	(QR) or other user-oriented tools	surveillance authorities should	
	included on the printed label.	retain the power to access this	
	Additional information should be	information when necessary in	
	0		
	made available by suppliers on	accordance with the duty of	
	the compliance interface of the	cooperation on suppliers. When any	
	product database both to market	changes with relevance for the label	
	surveillance authorities and to the	and the product information sheet	
	Commission. The database	are made to a product already on	
	should <i>be subject to strict data</i>	the market, the product is	
	protection rules. Where the	considered as a new model and the	
	technical information is	supplier has an obligation to	
	sensitive, market surveillance	register it in the product database.	
	authorities should retain the		
	<i>power to access the</i> information		
	when necessary in accordance		
	•		
	with the suppliers' duty of		
	cooperation.		

Amendment 16			
	Recital 1 (16a) The Commission should set up and maintain an online portal that provides market surveillance authorities access to detailed product information on the servers of suppliers.	6a (new)	
(17) The penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and delegated acts adopted under it should be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.		(17) The penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and [] implementing acts adopted under it should be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	
 (18) In order to promote energy efficiency, climate mitigation and environmental protection, Member States should be able to create incentives for the use of energy efficient products. Member States are free to decide on the nature of such incentives. Such incentives should comply with Union State aid rules and should not constitute unjustifiable market barriers. This Regulation does not prejudice the outcome of any future State aid procedure that may be undertaken in accordance with Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union in respect of such incentives. 		(18) In order to promote energy efficiency, climate mitigation and environmental protection, Member States should be able to create incentives for the use of energy efficient products. Member States are free to decide on the nature of such incentives. Such incentives should comply with Union State aid rules and should not constitute unjustifiable market barriers. This Regulation does not prejudice the outcome of any future State aid procedure that may be undertaken in accordance with Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union in respect of such incentives.	

LIMITE

Amendment 17				
	Recital 19			
(19) Energy consumption and	(19) <i>The absolute</i> energy	(19) Energy consumption,		
other information concerning the	consumption and other	performance and other information		
products covered by product-	environmental and performance	concerning the products covered by		
specific requirements under this	information concerning the	product-specific requirements under		
Regulation should be measured by	products covered by product-	this Regulation should be measured		
using reliable, accurate and	specific requirements under this	by using reliable, accurate and		
reproducible methods that take	Regulation should be measured <i>in</i>	reproducible methods that take into		
into account the generally	accordance with harmonized	account the generally recognised		
recognised state-of-the-art	<i>standards and methods and</i> by	state-of-the-art measurements and		
measurements and calculation	using reliable, accurate and	calculation methods. It is in the		
methods. It is in the interests of	reproducible methods that take	interests of the functioning of the		
the functioning of the internal	into account the generally	internal market to have standards		
market to have standards which	recognised state-of-the-art	which have been harmonised at Union		
have been harmonised at Union	measurements and calculation	level. In the absence of published		
level. In the absence of published	methods. Those methods and	standards at the time of application of		
standards at the time of	testing environment, both for	product-specific requirements the		
application of product-specific	suppliers and market	Commission should publish in the		
requirements the Commission	surveillance authorities, should	Official Journal of the European		
should publish in the Official	be as close as possible to the real-	Union transitional measurement and		
Journal of the European Union	life usage of a given product by	calculation methods in relation to		
transitional measurement and	the average consumer and robust	those product-specific requirements.		
calculation methods in relation to	in order to deter intentional and	Once a reference to such a standard		
those product-specific	unintentional circumvention.	has been published in the Official		
requirements. Once a reference to	The energy efficiency class	Journal of the European Union		
such a standard has been	should not be exclusively based	compliance with it should provide a		
published in the Official Journal	on the most energy efficient	presumption of conformity with		
of the European Union	setting or eco-mode, where this is	measurement methods for those		
compliance with it should provide	not likely to reflect average	product-specific requirements adopted		
a presumption of conformity with	consumer behaviour. Tolerance	on the basis of this Regulation.		
measurement methods for those	values and optional testing			
product-specific requirements	parameters should be established			

adopted on the basis of this	in such a way that they do not	
Regulation.	lead to significant variations of	
e	efficiency gains that might	
	possibly alter the energy	
	efficiency class of a product.	
	Permitted deviations between	
	tested and declared results	
	should be limited to the statistical	
	measurement uncertainty. In the	
	absence of published standards at	
	the time of application of product-	
	specific requirements the	
	Commission should publish in the	
	Official Journal of the European	
	Union transitional measurement	
	and calculation methods in	
	relation to those product-specific	
	requirements. Once a reference to	
	such a standard has been	
	published in the Official Journal	
	of the European Union	
	compliance with it should provide	
	a presumption of conformity with	
	measurement methods for those	
	product-specific requirements	
	adopted on the basis of this	
	Regulation.	

Amendment 18			
(20) The Commission should	(20) Based on the scope of this	(20) The Commission should provide	
provide a working plan for the	<i>regulation,</i> the Commission	a working plan for the revision of	
revision of labels of particular	should provide a <i>long-term</i>	labels of particular products including	
products including an indicative	working plan for the revision of	an indicative list of further energy-	
list of further energy-related	labels of particular products	related products for which an energy	
products for which an energy	including an indicative list of	label could be established. The	
label could be established. The	further energy-related products for	working plan should be implemented	
working plan should be	which an energy label could be	starting with a technical,	
implemented starting with a	established and should update	environmental and economic analysis	
technical, environmental and	this working plan periodically.	of the product groups concerned. This	
economic analysis of the product	The Commission should inform	analysis should also look at	
groups concerned. This analysis	the European Parliament and the	supplementary information including	
should also look at supplementary	Council annually about the	the possibility and cost to provide	
information including the	progress of the working plan.	consumers with information on the	
possibility and cost to provide		performance of an energy-related	
consumers with information on		product, such as its [] energy	
the performance of an energy-		consumption, durability or	
related product, such as its		environmental performance, in	
absolute energy consumption,		coherence with the objective to	
durability or environmental		promote a circular economy. Such	
performance, in coherence with		supplementary information should	
the objective to promote a circular		improve the intelligibility and	
economy. Such supplementary		effectiveness of the label towards	
information should improve the		consumers and should not lead to any	
intelligibility and effectiveness of		negative impact on consumers.	
the label towards consumers and			
should not lead to any negative			
impact on consumers.			

(20a) In spite of the repeal of	
Directive 2010/30/EU, suppliers of	
products marketed in accordance	
with that Directive before the date	
of application of this Regulation	
should continue to be subject to the	
obligation to make available an	
electronic version of the technical	
documentation of the products	
concerned upon request of the	
market surveillance authorities.	
Appropriate transitional provisions	
should ensure legal certainty and	
<u>continuity in this respect.</u>	

Amendment 19 Recital 20a (new)		
	/	
Recital 20a (new(20 a)The working plan should be implemented starting with a technical, environmental and economic analysis of the)	
performance or combined energy efficiency performance index, in coherence with the objective to promote a circular economy.		
Such supplementary information should improve the intelligibility and effectiveness of the label		
towards consumers and should not lead to any negative impact on consumers.		

(21) In order to establish	(21) In order to establish [] specific
product-specific labels and	product groups of energy related
information sheets and operational	products in accordance with a set of
details relating to the product	specific criteria, the power to adopt
database, the power to adopt acts	acts in accordance with Article 290 on
in accordance with Article 290 on	the Treaty on the Functioning of the
the Treaty on the Functioning of	European Union should be delegated
the European Union should be	to the Commission. It is of particular
delegated to the Commission. It is	importance that the Commission carry
of particular importance that the	out appropriate consultations during
Commission carry out appropriate	its preparatory work, including at
consultations during its	expert level and with the Consultation
preparatory work, including at	Forum. The Commission, when
expert level and with the	preparing and drawing up
Consultation Forum.	delegated acts, should ensure a
	simultaneous, timely and
	appropriate transmission of
	relevant documents to the European
	Parliament and to the Council.

	<u>(21a) In order to ensure uniform</u>	
	conditions for the implementation	
	of this Regulation, implementing	
	powers on establishing detailed	
	requirements relating to labels for	
	the specific products groups and	
	operational details relating to the	
	product database should be	
	conferred on the Commission.	
	Those powers should be exercised in	
	accordance with Regulation (EU)	
	No 182/2011 of the European	
	Parliament and of the Council.	
	(21b) Since the objectives of this	
	Regulation, namely allowing	
	customers to choose more efficient	
	products by supplying relevant	
	information, cannot be sufficiently	
	achieved by the Member States but	
	<u>can rather, by further developing</u>	
	the harmonised regulatory	
	framework and ensuring a level	
	playing field for manufacturers, be	
	better achieved at Union level, the	
	<u>Union may adopt measures, in</u>	
	accordance with the principle of	
	subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of	
	<u>the Treaty on European Union. In</u>	
	accordance with the principle of	
	proportionality as set out in that	
	Article, this Regulation does not go	
	beyond what is necessary in order	
	to achieve those objectives.	

(22) This Regulation should be	(22) This Regulation should be
without prejudice to the	without prejudice to the obligations of
obligations of the Member States	the Member States relating to the
relating to the time-limits for	time-limits for transposition into
transposition into national law and	national law and application of
application of Directive	Directive 2010/30/EU.
2010/30/EU.	
(23) Directive 2010/30/EU	(23) Directive 2010/30/EU should
should therefore be repealed.	therefore be repealed.
HAVE ADOPTED THIS	HAVE ADOPTED THIS
REGULATION:	REGULATION:

Amendment 20					
	Article 1 - paragraph 1 and 2				
Article 1	Article 1				
Subject matter and scope		Scope and subject matter			
1. This Regulation lays down a	1. This Regulation lays down a	1. This Regulation shall apply to			
framework on the indication by	framework that applies to energy-	energy related products [] placed			
labelling and standard product	related products and provides	on the Union market or put into			
information of the consumption of	them with a label regarding	service on the Union market. These			
energy and other resources by	energy efficiency, absolute	products shall comply with this			
energy-related products during	consumption of energy and other	Regulation and the relevant			
use and supplementary	environmental and performance	implementing acts.			
information concerning energy-	characteristics. It allows				
related products in order to allow	customers to choose more				
customers to choose more	energy-efficient products in order				
efficient products.	to reduce their energy				
	consumption.				
2. This Regulation shall not	2. This Regulation <i>does</i> not	2. <u>It shall</u> not apply to:			
apply to:	apply to:				
(a) Second hand products	(a) Second hand products;	(a) []			
(b) Means of transport for persons	(b) Means of transport for	(b) Means of transport for persons or			
or goods other than those operated	persons or goods [].	goods other than those operated by a			
by a stationary motor.		stationary motor.			
(2) 'Placing on the market' means the first making available of a product on the Union market(2) 'Placing on the market' means the first making available of a product on the Union market;					

(3) 'Making available on the		(3) 'Making available on the market'	
market' means any supply of a		means any supply of a product for	
product for distribution or use on		distribution or use on the Union	
the Union market in the course of		market in the course of a commercial	
a commercial activity, whether in		activity, whether in return for payment	
return for payment or free of		or free of charge;	
charge			
(4) 'Putting into service' means the		(4) 'Putting into service' means the	
first use of a product for its		first use of a product for its intended	
intended purpose on the Union		purpose on the Union market;	
market			
(5) 'Supplier' means the		(5) 'Supplier' means the manufacturer	
manufacturer in the Union, the		in the Union, the authorised	
authorised representative of a		representative of a manufacturer who	
manufacturer who is not		is not established in the Union, or the	
established in the Union, or the		importer, who places products	
importer, who places products		covered by this Regulation on the	
covered by this Regulation on the		<u>Union</u> market [];	
market within the Union			
	Amend	ment 21	
		graph 1 – point 6	
(6) 'Manufacturer' means any	(6) 'Manufacturer' means any	(6) 'Manufacturer' means any natural	
natural or legal person who	natural or legal person who	or legal person who manufactures a []	
manufactures an energy-related	manufactures an energy-related	product or has a product designed or	
product or has a product designed	product or has <i>such</i> a product	manufactured, and markets that []	
or manufactured, and markets that	designed or manufactured, and	product under his name or trademark;	
energy-related product under his	markets that energy-related	produce share in hand of waterhark,	
name or trademark	product under his name or		
	trademark;		
	uaucinaix,		

(7) 'Authorised representative'		(7) 'Authorised representative' means	
means any natural or legal person		any natural or legal person established	
established in the Union who has		in the Union who has received a	
received a written mandate from		written mandate from the	
the manufacturer to act on his		manufacturer to act on his behalf in	
behalf in relation to specified		relation to specified tasks;	
tasks		1	
(8) 'Importer' means any natural		(8) 'Importer' means any natural or	
or legal person established in the		legal person established in the Union	
Union who places an energy-		who places a [] product from a third	
related product from a third		country on the Union market;	
country on the Union market			
	Amend	ment 22	
	Article 2 - parag	graph 1 - point 9	
(9) 'Dealer' means a retailer or	(9) 'Dealer' means a retailer or	(9) 'Dealer' means a retailer or other	
other person who sells, hires,	other <i>natural or legal</i> person who	person who sells, hires, offers for hire	
offers for hire purchase or	sells, hires, offers for hire	purchase or displays products to	
displays products to customers	purchase or displays products to	customers or installers in the course	
	customers;	of a commercial activity, whether in	
		return for payment or free of	
		charge;	
(10) 'Distance selling' means sale,		(10) 'Distance selling' means sale, hire	
hire or hire purchase by mail		or hire purchase by mail order,	
order, catalogue, Internet,		catalogue, Internet, telemarketing or	
telemarketing or any other method		any other method where the potential	
where the potential end user		[] customer cannot be expected to	
cannot be expected to see the		see the product displayed;	
product displayed			

Amendment 23				
	Article 2 - paragraph 1 - point 10a (new)			
	(10 a) 'Energy efficiency'	(10a) 'Energy efficiency' means the		
	means the ratio of output of	<u>ratio of output of performance,</u>		
	performance, service, goods or	service, goods or energy to input of		
	energy, to input of energy;	<u>energy;</u>		
		ment 24		
		raph 1 - point 11		
(11) 'Energy-related product' means any good or system or service with an impact on energy consumption during use, which is placed on the market and put into service in the Union, including parts to be incorporated into energy-related products which are placed on the market and put into service	(11) 'Energy-related product', <i>hereinafter 'product'</i> , means any good or system [] with an impact on energy consumption during use, which is placed on the market and put into service in the Union, including parts <i>intended</i> to be incorporated into energy-related products which are placed on the market and put into service <i>as</i> <i>individual parts for customers</i> <i>and of which the energy and</i> <i>environmental performance can</i> <i>be assessed independently</i> ;	(11) 'Energy-related product' (hereinafter 'product') means any good or system [] with an impact on energy consumption during use, which is placed on the market [] <u>or</u> put into service in the Union [];		
(12) 'Harmonised standard' means a European standard as defined in Article 2(1)(c) of		(12) 'Harmonised standard' means a European standard as defined in Article 2(1)(c) of Regulation (EU) No		
Regulation (EU) No $1025/2012^8$		1025/2012;		

8

Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on European standardisation (OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p.12).

Amendment 25				
	Article 2 - parag	raph 1 - point 13		
(13) 'Label' means a graphic diagram including a classification using letters from A to G in seven different colours from dark green to red in order to show consumption of energy	(13) 'Label' means a graphic diagram, <i>in printed or electronic</i> <i>form</i> , including a <i>closed scale</i> using <i>only</i> letters from A to G, <i>each class corresponding to</i> <i>significant energy savings</i> , in seven different colours from dark green to red, in order to <i>inform</i> <i>customers about energy</i> <i>efficiency and</i> energy	(13) 'Label' means a graphic diagram, <u>either in printed or electronic form,</u> including a classification using letters from A to G in seven different colours from dark green to red in order to show <u>energy efficiency and</u> consumption of energy. <u>It includes</u> <u>rescaled labels and labels with</u> <u>fewer classes and colours in</u> <u>accordance with Article 7(1b) and</u>		
	consumption;	<u>(4);</u>		
	Amendment 26			
Article 2 - paragraph 1 - point 13a (new)				
	(13 a) 'Product group'			
	means a group of energy-related products which have the same main functionality;			

(14) 'Model' means a version of a		(14) 'Model' means a version of a		
product of which all units share		product of which all units share the		
the same technical characteristics		same technical characteristics relevant		
relevant for the label and the		for the label and the product		
product information sheet and		information sheet and share the same		
share the same model identifier		model identifier;		
(15)'Model identifier' means the		(15) 'Model identifier' means the code,		
code, usually alphanumeric,		usually alphanumeric, which		
which distinguishes a specific		distinguishes a specific product model		
product model from other models		from other models with the same trade		
with the same trade mark or		mark or supplier's name;		
supplier's name		rr · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
(16) 'Equivalent model' means a		(16) 'Equivalent model' means a		
model placed on the market by the		model which has the same technical		
same supplier and with the same		characteristics relevant for the label		
label and product information as		and the product information sheet,		
another model, but with a		but is placed on the market by the		
different model identifier		same supplier [] as another model []		
		with a different model identifier;		
	Amend	ment 27		
		raph 1 - point 17		
(17) 'Product information sheet'	(17) 'Product information sheet'	(17) 'Product information sheet' means		
means a standard table of	means a standard table of	a standard table of information		
information relating to a product	information relating to a product,	relating to a product, either in		
	either in printed or electronic	printed or electronic form;		
	form;			
Amendment 28				
	Article 2 - parag	raph 1 - point 18		
(18) 'Rescale' means a periodic	(18) ' Rescaling ' means an	(18) 'Rescale' means an [] exercise to		
exercise to make more stringent	exercise to make more stringent	make more stringent the requirements		
the requirements for achieving the	the requirements for achieving the	for achieving the energy class on a		
energy class on a label for a	energy class on a label for a	label for a particular product;		
particular product, which, for	particular product <i>group</i> ;			
existing labels may imply the				
deletion of certain energy classes				

Amendment 29			
		graph 1 - point 19	
(19) 'Rescaled label' means a label		(19) []	
for a particular product that has	label for a particular product		
undergone a rescaling exercise.	<i>group</i> that has undergone a		
	rescaling exercise, which is		
	clearly distinguishable from the		
	labels before rescaling;		
	(19a) 'Smart appliance' means		
	an appliance that, using		
	advanced information and		
	communications technologies		
	and a standardised reference		
	ontology, can be activated to		
	respond to external stimuli such		
	as price information, direct		
	control signals sent through		
	wireless or apps, and/or local		
	measurements, and to		
	automatically change its energy		
	consumption pattern for a more		
	efficient use;		

Amendment 30 Article 2 - paragraph 1 - point 20			
(20) 'Supplementary information' means information on the functional and environmental performance of an energy-related product, such as its absolute energy consumption or durability, which is based on data that are measurable by market surveillance authorities, is unambiguous and has no significant negative impact on the clear intelligibility and effectiveness of the label as a whole towards customers.	(20) 'Supplementary information' means <i>any</i> information <i>specified</i> <i>by the relevant delegated act</i> on the functional, <i>environmental and</i> <i>resource-efficiency</i> performance of an energy-related product, which is based on data that are measurable <i>and verifiable</i> by market surveillance authorities, is <i>easily understandable</i> and has no significant negative impact on the effectiveness of the label as a whole towards customers;	(20) 'Supplementary information' means information on the functional and environmental performance of a [] product, such as its [] energy consumption;	

	(22) 'System' means a combination	
	of several goods which when put	
	together perform a specific function	
	<u>in an expected environment and of</u>	
	which the energy efficiency can then	
	be determined as a single entity;	
	(23) 'Verification tolerance' means	
	the maximum admissible deviation	
	of the measurement and calculation	
	results of the verification tests	
	performed by, or on behalf of,	
	market surveillance authorities,	
	compared to the values of the	
	declared or published parameters,	
	reflecting interlaboratory variation	
	deviation;	
	(24) 'Product group' means a group	
	of similar products with related	
	functions.	
	iunenons.	

Article 3 Obligations of suppliers' and dealers'		<i>Article 3</i> Obligations of suppliers and dealers	
	Amend	ment 32	
		paragraph 1	
1. Suppliers shall comply with the following:	1. Suppliers shall:	1. Suppliers shall []:	
(a) they shall ensure that products placed on the market are provided, free of charge, with accurate labels and product information sheets in accordance with this Regulation and the relevant delegated acts	(a) ensure that products placed on the market are provided, free of charge, with accurate <i>printed</i> labels and <i>with</i> product information sheets <i>for each</i> <i>individual unit</i> ;	(a) [] ensure that products placed on the market are [] <u>supplied</u> , free of charge, with accurate labels and product information sheets <u>for each</u> <u>unit</u> in accordance with this Regulation and the relevant [] implementing acts <u>adopted under</u> <u>Article 12 of this Regulation []. As</u> <u>an alternative to supplying the</u> <u>product information sheet with the</u> <u>product, implementing acts may []</u> <u>provide that entering the</u> <u>parameters of such product</u> <u>information sheets into the product</u> <u>database established under Article 8</u> (hereinafter: 'the product <u>database') is sufficient.</u>	

		Implementing acts may provide that the label is printed on the packaging of the product.	
(b) they shall deliver labels promptly and free of charge on request from dealers	(b) deliver labels and <i>product</i> <i>information sheets,</i> free of charge, <i>within five working days</i> <i>upon</i> request from dealers;	(b) [] deliver labels, <u>including</u> <u>rescaled labels in accordance with</u> <u>Article 7(5), and product</u> <u>information sheets</u> promptly and free of charge on request from dealers.	
	(ba) provide both the current and the rescaled labels and product information sheets to dealers for a period of three months before the date specified in the relevant delegated act;	See Article 7(5) a): six months	

(c) they shall ensure the accuracy	(c) ensure the accuracy of the	(c) [] ensure the accuracy of the	
of the labels and product	labels and product information	labels and product information sheets	
information sheets that they	sheets, and produce technical	that they provide and produce	
provide and produce technical	documentation sufficient to enable	technical documentation sufficient to	
documentation sufficient to enable	the accuracy to be assessed;	enable the accuracy to be assessed.	
the accuracy to be assessed			

		(d) not place on the market products designed so that a model's performance is automatically altered in test conditions with the objective of reaching a more favourable level for any of the parameters specified in the implementing act or included in any of the documentation provided with the product.	
		(1a) In relation to the product database suppliers :	
(d) they shall, prior to placing a product model on the market, enter into the product database established in accordance with Article 8 the information detailed in Annex I.	 (d) enter the information set out in Annex I into the public and compliance interfaces of the product database established pursuant to Article 8; (i) for all new models, before placing a unit of the model on the 	 (a) shall [] prior to placing a unit of a [] model covered by an implementing act under this Regulation on the market, enter for that model into the product database [] the information detailed in Annex I. A product for which any changes with relevance for the label and the product information sheet are made shall be considered as a new 	
	placing a <i>unit of the</i> model on the market,	shall be considered as a new product model. They shall indicate in the database when units of a model are no longer being placed on the market.	

	(b) shall for models, units of which are placed on the market between 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2018, enter into the product database the information set out in Annex I, no later than 1 July 2019. Until the time of data entry into the product database, they shall make an electronic version of the technical documentation available for inspection within 10 days of a
	<u>surveillance authorities or the</u> <u>Commission.</u>
(ii) for all models placed on the market after 1 January 2014 that are still being supplied, no later than 18 months after the database is fully operational in accordance with Article 16;	(c) may for models, units of which are placed on the market before 1 January 2017, enter into the product database the information set out in Annex I.

	p on the database		
-	to Article 8 the product		
informat	on sheets and the		
technical	documentation for a		
period of	at least 10 years after		
the last p	roduct unit has been		
placed or	the market;		
(db) prov	ide labels for product		
groups w	here the product		
<i>consists</i>	f several subassemblies		
or compa	nents, the energy		
efficienc	of which depends on		
the speci	ic combination of those		
compone	nts;		
	•	ment 33	
	Article 3 - para	graph 1a (new)	
1 a. Su	pliers shall not:		
_	on the market products		
	so that their		
Ũ	nce is automatically		
	test conditions, by		
	either hardware or		
	incorporated into the		
	vith the objective of		
-	a more favourable		
level;	0		
(b) once	he product is in service,		
	changes by means of		
	updates that would be to		
	ient of the parameters		
	ginal energy efficiency		
•	lefined by the relevant		
delegated			

Amendment 34			
Article 3 - paragraph 2			
2. Dealers shall comply with the following:	Dealers shall:	2. Dealers shall []:	
(a) they shall display in a visible manner the label provided by the supplier or otherwise made available for a product covered by a delegated act	(a) where the product is for sale, including online, display the label in a visible and prominent manner, as specified by the relevant delegated act;	 (a) [] display in a visible manner, including in distance selling via the Internet, the label provided by the supplier or [] made available in accordance with subparagraph 2 (b) for a product covered by an [] implementing act; 	
		(aa) make available to customers the product information sheet;	
	(aa) replace existing labels with rescaled labels, both in shops and online, within three weeks following the date specified in the relevant delegated act;	See Article 7(5) b): 10 days	
(b) they shall, where they do not have a label or a rescaled label	(b) where they do not have a label or a rescaled label, <i>request it</i> <i>from the supplier</i> ;	(b) [] where, <u>despite the provisions</u> of paragraph 1(a) they do not have a label [] or product information <u>sheet, they shall []:</u>	
(i) request the label or a rescaled label from the supplier	deleted	(i) request [] <u>them</u> from the supplier; or	

(ii) print out the label from the product database established in accordance with Article 8 if that function is available for that product	deleted	(ii) print [] <u>or download them for</u> <u>electronic display</u> from the product database [], if <u>these</u> functions <u>are</u> available for that product; or	
(iii) print out the label or a rescaled label from the supplier's website if that function is available for that product.	deleted	(iii) print <u>them</u> out [] <u>or download</u> <u>them for electronic display</u> from the supplier's website, if <u>these</u> function <u>s</u> <u>are</u> available for that product.	
(c) they shall make available to customers the product information sheet.	(c) <i>upon request</i> , make available to customers the product information sheet, <i>including in</i> <i>printed form</i> .	(moved to point (aa) above)	
	Amend	ment 35	
	Article 3 - p	baragraph 3	
3. Suppliers and dealers shall comply with the following:	Suppliers and dealers shall:	3. Suppliers and dealers shall []:	
(a) they shall make reference to the energy efficiency class of the product in any advertisement or technical promotional material for a specific model of products in accordance with the relevant delegated act	(a) make reference to the energy efficiency class of the product in any <i>visual</i> advertisement or technical promotional material for a specific model of products in accordance with the relevant delegated act;	 (a) [] make reference to the energy efficiency class of the product <u>and the</u> <u>range of the efficiency classes</u> <u>available on the label</u> in any advertisement or technical promotional material for a specific model [] in accordance with the relevant implementing act <u>and to the</u> [] <u>energy consumption, unless this</u> <u>is stipulated otherwise by the relevant implementing act;</u> 	

(b) they shall cooperate with market surveillance authorities and take immediate action to remedy any situation of non- compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation and its delegated acts falling under their responsibility, at their own initiative or when required to do so by market surveillance authorities	(b) cooperate with market surveillance authorities and take immediate action to remedy any situation of non-compliance, <i>pursuant to Article 5</i> ;	(b) [] cooperate with market surveillance authorities and take immediate action to remedy any situation of non-compliance with the requirements set out in this Regulation and its [] implementing acts falling under their responsibility, at their own initiative or when required to do so by market surveillance authorities;	
(c) they shall not, for products covered by this Regulation, provide or display other labels, marks, symbols or inscriptions which do not comply with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant delegated acts, if this is likely to mislead or confuse customers with respect to the consumption of energy or other resources during use	(c) <i>refrain</i> , for products covered by this Regulation, <i>from</i> <i>providing or displaying any</i> <i>misleading, confusing or</i> <i>mimicking</i> labels, marks, symbols or inscriptions, <i>regarding</i> the consumption of energy or other resources during use;	(c) [] for products covered by [] <u>implementing acts under</u> this Regulation, <u>not</u> provide or display other labels, marks, symbols or inscriptions which do not comply with the requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant [] <u>implementing</u> acts, if this is likely to mislead or confuse customers with respect to the consumption of energy or other resources during use;	
(d) they shall, for products not covered by this Regulation, not supply or display labels which mimic the label as defined in this Regulation.	(d) for products not covered by this Regulation, not supply or display labels which mimic the label as defined in this Regulation.	(d) [] for products not covered by [] implementing acts under this Regulation, not supply or display labels which mimic the label as defined in this Regulation. This does not affect labels provided for in Member States' legislation, as long as they are not covered by implementing acts under this Regulation.	

Amendment 36			
Article 3 - paragraph 3a (new)			
	3a. All general obligations regarding labels as of paragraphs 1 to 3 shall apply equally to existing, new and rescaled labels.		
Article 4		Article 4	
Obligations of Member States		Obligations of Member States	
		ment 37	
		paragraph 1	
1. Member States shall not prohibit, restrict or impede the placing on the market or putting into service, within their territories, of energy-related products which comply with this Regulation and its relevant delegated acts.	1. Member States shall not [] impede the placing on the market or putting into service, within their territories, of products which comply with this Regulation [].	1. Member States shall not [] impede, <u>in relation to matters</u> <u>covered by this Regulation</u> , the placing on the market or putting into service, within their territories, of [] products which comply with [] <u>this</u> <u>Regulation and the</u> relevant [] <u>implementing</u> acts <u>under this</u> <u>Regulation.</u>	
	• •	ment 38	
		paragraph 2	
2. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that suppliers and dealers comply with the obligations and requirements of this Regulation and of the relevant delegated acts.	2. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that suppliers and dealers comply with the obligations and requirements of this Regulation [].	2. []	

Amendment 39			
	Article 4 - paragraph 3		
3. Where Member States	3. Where Member States	3. Where Member States provide	
provide any incentives for an	provide any incentives for <i>a</i>	any incentives for a [] product	
energy-related product covered by	product covered by this	covered by this Regulation and	
this Regulation and specified in a	Regulation and specified in a	specified in an [] implementing act,	
delegated act, these shall aim at	delegated act, those incentives	these shall aim at the highest classes	
the highest class of energy	shall aim at the highest <i>two</i>	of energy efficiency, in which	
efficiency laid down in the	populated classes of energy	products are available, laid down in	
applicable delegated act.	efficiency, as laid down in the	the applicable[] <u>implementing</u> act[].	
	applicable delegated act.		
	Amend	ment 40	
	Article 4 - J	paragraph 4	
4. Member States shall ensure	4. Member States shall ensure	4. Member States shall ensure that	
that the introduction of labels	that the introduction <i>and</i>	the introduction of labels including	
including rescaled labels and	<i>rescaling of labels</i> is	rescaled labels and product	
product information sheets is	accompanied by educational and	information sheets is accompanied by	
accompanied by educational and	promotional information	educational and promotional	
promotional information	campaigns on energy labelling.	information campaigns on energy	
campaigns aimed at promoting		labelling [], if appropriate in	
energy efficiency and more		cooperation with dealers and	
responsible use of energy by		suppliers. The Commission shall	
customers, if appropriate in	The Commission shall	support cooperation and the	
cooperation with dealers.	coordinate those campaigns,	exchange of best practices in	
	supporting close cooperation	relation to these campaigns,	
	with suppliers and dealers and	including through the provision of a	
	the exchange of best practices.	<u>core script.</u>	

	Amendment 41		
	Article 4 - J	baragraph 5	
5. Member States shall shall	5. Member States shall lay	5. Member States shall lay down	
lay down the rules on penalties	down the rules on penalties and	the rules on penalties and enforcement	
and enforcement mechanisms	enforcement mechanisms	mechanisms applicable to	
applicable to infringements of the	applicable to infringements of the	infringements of the provisions of this	
provisions of this Regulation and	provisions of this Regulation [],	Regulation and its implementing acts,	
its delegated acts, and shall take	and shall take all measures	and shall take all measures necessary	
all measures necessary to ensure	necessary to ensure that they are	to ensure that they are implemented.	
that they are implemented. The	implemented. The penalties shall	The penalties must be effective,	
penalties must be effective,	be effective, proportionate and	proportionate and dissuasive. Rules	
proportionate and dissuasive.	dissuasive, and proportionate to	fulfilling the requirements of Article	
Member States shall notify those	the economic advantage of non-	15 of Directive 2010/30/EU shall be	
provisions to the Commission by	<i>compliance.</i> Member States shall	considered to fulfil these	
the date of application of this	notify those provisions to the	requirements as regards penalties.	
Regulation and shall notify	Commission by the date of	Member States shall notify [] <u>rules</u>	
without delay any subsequent	application of this Regulation and	on penalties and enforcement	
amendment affecting them.	shall notify without delay any	mechanisms that had not previously	
	subsequent amendment affecting	been notified to the Commission by	
	them.	the date of application of this	
		Regulation and shall notify without	
		delay any subsequent amendment	
		affecting them.	

Article 5 Union market surveillance and control of energy-related products entering the Union market 1. Articles 16 to 29 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 shall apply to energy-related		Article 5 Union market surveillance and control of products entering the Union market 1. Articles 16 to 29 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 shall apply to [] products covered by this Regulation	
products covered by this Regulation and its delegated acts.		and its [] implementing acts.	
	Amend	ment 42	
	Article 5 - p	aragraph 2	
2. The Commission shall support cooperation and exchange of information on market surveillance of energy labelling of products among national authorities of the Member States responsible for market surveillance or external border controls and between such authorities and the Commission.	2. The Commission shall encourage and coordinate cooperation and exchange of information on market surveillance of energy labelling regarding products covered by this Regulation among national authorities of the Member States responsible for market surveillance or in charge of the control of products entering the Union market and between them and the Commission by strengthening the Group of Experts on Ecodesign and Energy Labelling Administrative Co-operation Working Group (ADCO). Such exchanges of information shall also be conducted when test results indicate that the producer is in compliance with the relevant	2. The Commission shall support cooperation and exchange of information on market surveillance of energy labelling of products among national authorities of the Member States responsible for market surveillance or external border controls and between such authorities and the Commission.	

Inco		
law.		
	Amendment 43	
	paragraph 2a (new)	
2a. By 1 January 2018,		
Member States shall establish		
and implement a market		
surveillance plan for monitori	ing	
the enforcement of the		
requirements of this Regulation	on.	
Member States shall review th		
market surveillance plan at le		
every three years.		
By 1 January 2020 and		
thereinafter on an annual bas	sis.	
Member States shall draw up		
report on market surveillance		
evaluating compliance trends		
with this Regulation and with		
Directive 2009/125/EC.		
Direcuve 2009/125/EC.		
Member States shall make the		
use of the Information and		
Communication System on		
Market Surveillance (ICSMS)		
compulsory for all national		
market surveillance authoritie	28.	

	Amendment 44		
	*	graph 2b (new)	
2 b. Na	tional market surveillance		
author	ity shall carry out physical		
produc	t testing, covering at least		
one pro	oduct group per year in		
accord	ance with the delegated		
acts pu	rsuant to this Regulation.		
Marko	t surveillance authorities		
	form the other Member		
	and the Commission of		
	anned and completed		
	il tests, through the		
	ance interface of the		
-	t database established		
-			
pursua	nt to Article 8.		
They st	hall use reliable, accurate		
	producible measurement		
-	ures, pursuant to Article 9,		
-	to simulate real-life		
Ũ	ons of use and excluding		
	onal or unintentional		
	lation or alteration of the		
test res			

Amendment 45 Article 5 - paragraph 2c (new)		
2c. Market surveillance authorities shall have the right to recover the costs of a physical product testing from suppliers in case of an infringement of this Regulation.		
The Commission may check independently compliance, directly or through a third party.		



Article 6		Article 6	
Union safeguard procedure		[] Procedure at national level for	
		dealing with products presenting a	
		risk []	
		ment 46	
	Article 6 - p	paragraph 1	
1. Where the market	1. Where the market	1. Where the market surveillance	
surveillance authorities of one	surveillance authorities of one	authorities of one Member State have	
Member State have sufficient	Member State have sufficient	sufficient reason to believe that a []	
reason to believe that an energy-	reason to believe that <i>a</i> [] product	product covered by this Regulation []	
related product covered by a	covered by a delegated act under	presents a risk to aspects of public	
delegated act under this	this Regulation presents a risk to	interest protection covered by this	
Regulation presents a risk to	aspects of public interest	Regulation, such as environmental	
aspects of public interest	protection covered by this	and consumer protection [] aspects,	
protection covered by this	Regulation, they shall	they shall carry out an evaluation in	
Regulation, they shall carry out an	immediately notify the	relation to the [] product concerned	
evaluation in relation to the	Commission and carry out an	covering all [] <u>energy labelling</u>	
energy-related product concerned	evaluation in relation to the	requirements relevant to the risk and	
covering all the requirements laid	product model concerned,	laid down in this Regulation or its []	
down in this Regulation and its	covering all the requirements laid	implementing acts. [] Suppliers and	
relevant delegated acts. The	down in this Regulation and the	dealers shall cooperate as necessary	
supplier shall cooperate as	relevant delegated acts, also	with the market surveillance	
necessary with the market	assessing whether it is advisable	authorities for that purpose.	
surveillance authorities for that	to extend the evaluation to other		
purpose.	product models. The supplier		
	shall cooperate as necessary with		
	the market surveillance authorities		
	[].		

Amendment 47			
	Article 6 - p	paragraph 2	
2. Where, in the course of that	2. Where in the course of that	2. Where, in the course of that	
evaluation, the market	evaluation, the market	evaluation, the market surveillance	
surveillance authorities find that	surveillance authorities find that	authorities find that the [] product	
the energy-related product does	the <i>product model</i> does not	does not comply with the	
not comply with the requirements	comply with the requirements laid	requirements laid down in this	
laid down in this this Regulation	down in this Regulation, they	Regulation and its relevant []	
and its relevant delegated acts,	shall require the supplier to take	implementing acts, they shall without	
they shall without delay require	all appropriate corrective action to	delay require the supplier or dealer to	
the supplier to take all appropriate	bring the <i>product model</i> into	take all appropriate corrective action	
corrective action to bring the	compliance without delay, and	to bring the [] product into	
energy-related product into	<i>they may prescribe</i> to withdraw	compliance with those requirements,	
compliance with those	the <i>product model</i> from the	where appropriate to withdraw the [
requirements, to withdraw the	market, or to recall <i>the units put</i>] product from the market, or <u>where</u>	
energy-related product from the	<i>into service</i> within a reasonable	appropriate , to recall it within a	
market, or to recall it within a	period, commensurate with the	reasonable period, commensurate with	
reasonable period, commensurate	nature of the risk, <i>extending such</i>	the nature of the risk, as they may	
with the nature of the risk, as they	measures to the equivalent	prescribe. Article 21 of Regulation	
may prescribe. Article 21 of	models available on the market.	(EC) No 765/2008 shall apply to the	
Regulation (EC) No 765/2008	Article 21 of Regulation (EC) No	measures referred to in this paragraph.	
shall apply to the measures	765/2008 shall apply to the		
referred to in this paragraph.	measures referred to in this		
	paragraph.		

Amendment 48				
	Article 6 - paragraph 3			
3. Where the market surveillance authorities consider that non-compliance is not restricted to their national territory, they shall inform the	3. The market surveillance authorities <i>shall inform through</i> <i>the ICSMS</i> the Commission and other Member States, <i>of any</i> results of the evaluation and of	3. Where the market surveillance authorities consider that non- compliance is not restricted to their national territory, they shall inform the Commission and the other		
Commission and the other Member States of the results of the evaluation and of the actions which they have required the supplier to take.	any actions which they have required the supplier to take pursuant to paragraph 2.	Member States of the results of the evaluation and of the actions which they have required the supplier or dealer to take.		
	Amend	ment 49		
	Article 6 - p	paragraph 4		
4. The supplier shall ensure that all appropriate corrective action is taken in respect of all the energy-related products concerned that it has made available on the market throughout the Union.	4. The supplier shall ensure that <i>any restrictive measure</i> <i>prescribed in accordance with</i> <i>paragraph 2</i> is taken, in respect of all the <i>product models</i> concerned that it has made available on the market throughout the Union.	4. The supplier <u>or dealer</u> shall ensure that all appropriate corrective action is taken in respect of all the [] products concerned that it has made available on the market throughout the Union.		

Amendment 50				
	Article 6 - paragraph 5			
5. Where the supplier does not	5. Where the supplier does not	5. Where the supplier <u>or dealer</u>		
take adequate corrective action	<i>implement the</i> corrective action	does not take adequate corrective		
within the period referred to in the	within the period referred to in the	action within the period referred to in		
paragraph 2, the market	paragraph 2, the market	the paragraph 2, the market		
surveillance authorities shall take	surveillance authorities shall take	surveillance authorities shall take all		
all appropriate provisional	all appropriate provisional	appropriate provisional measures to		
measures to prohibit or restrict the	measures to prohibit or restrict the	prohibit or restrict the [] product's		
energy-related product's being	making available of the product	being made available on their national		
made available on their national	<i>model</i> on their national market or	market, to withdraw the [] product		
market, to withdraw the energy-	to withdraw or recall the product	from that market or to recall it. The		
related product from that market	<i>model</i> from that market. The	market surveillance authorities shall		
or to recall it. The market	market surveillance authorities	inform the Commission and the other		
surveillance authorities shall	shall <i>immediately notify</i> the	Member States, without delay, of		
inform the Commission and the	Commission and the other	those measures.		
other Member States, without	Member States of those			
delay, of those measures.	measures, and shall upload the			
	information in the compliance			
	interface of the product database			
	established pursuant to Article 8.			

Amendment 51			
Article 6 - paragraph 6			
6. The information referred to	6. The <i>notification</i> referred to	6. The information referred to in	
in the paragraph 5 shall include all	in paragraph 5 shall include all	the paragraph 5 shall include all	
available details, in particular the	available details, in particular the	available details, in particular the data	
data necessary for the	data necessary for the	necessary for the identification of the	
identification of the non-	identification of the non-	non-compliant [] product, the origin	
compliant energy-related product,	compliant product, <i>its</i> origin, the	of the [] product, the nature of the	
the origin of the energy-related	nature of the non-compliance	non-compliance alleged and the risk	
product, the nature of the non-	alleged and the risk involved, the	involved, the nature and duration of	
compliance alleged and the risk	nature and duration of the national	the national measures taken and the	
involved, the nature and duration	measures taken and the arguments	arguments put forward by the supplier	
of the national measures taken and	put forward by the supplier. In	or dealer. In particular, the market	
the arguments put forward by the	particular, the market surveillance	surveillance authorities shall indicate	
supplier. In particular, the market	authorities shall indicate whether	whether the non-compliance is due to	
surveillance authorities shall	the non-compliance is due to	either failure of the [] product to	
indicate whether the non-	either failure of the <i>product model</i>	meet requirements relating to aspects	
compliance is due to either failure	to meet requirements relating to	of public interest protection laid down	
of the energy-related product to	aspects of public interest	in this Regulation or shortcomings in	
meet requirements relating to	protection laid down in this	the harmonised standards referred to	
aspects of public interest	Regulation or <i>to</i> shortcomings in	in Article 9 conferring a presumption	
protection laid down in this	the harmonised standards referred	of conformity.	
Regulation or shortcomings in the	to in Article 9 conferring a		
harmonised standards referred to	presumption of conformity. In		
in Article 9 conferring a	this case, the Commission shall		
presumption of conformity.	apply the procedure provided for		
	in Article 11 of Regulation (EU)		
	<i>No 1025/2012.</i>		

Amendment 52			
	-	paragraph 7	
7. Member States other than	7. Member States other than	7. Member States other than the	
the Member State initiating the	the Member State initiating the	Member State initiating the procedure	
procedure shall without delay	procedure shall without delay	shall without delay inform the	
inform the Commission and the	inform the Commission and the	Commission and the other Member	
other Member States of any	other Member States of any	States of any measures adopted and of	
measures adopted and of any	measures adopted and of any	any additional information at their	
additional information at their	additional information at their	disposal relating to the non-	
disposal relating to the non-	disposal relating to the non-	compliance of the [] product	
compliance of the energy-related	compliance of the <i>product model</i>	concerned, and, in the event of	
product concerned, and, in the	concerned and, in the event of	disagreement with the notified	
event of disagreement with the	disagreement with the notified	national measure, of their objections.	
notified national measure, of their	national measure, of their		
objections.	objections.		
	Amend	ment 53	
	Article 6 - p	baragraph 8	
8. Where, within 60 days of	8. Where, within <i>four weeks</i>	8. Where, within 60 days of receipt	
receipt of the information referred	of the <i>notification</i> referred to in	of the information referred to in	
to in paragraph 5, no objection has	paragraph 5, no objection has	paragraph 5, no objection has been	
been raised by either a Member	been raised by either a Member	raised by either a Member State or the	
State or the Commission in	State or the Commission in	Commission in respect of a	
respect of a provisional measure	respect of a provisional measure	provisional measure taken by a	
taken by a Member State, that	taken by a Member State, that	Member State, that measure shall be	
measure shall be deemed justified.	measure shall be deemed to be	deemed justified.	
	justified.		

	Amendment 54			
	Article 6 - paragraph 9			
9. Member States shall ensure that appropriate restrictive measures, such as withdrawal of the energy-related product from their market, are taken in respect of the energy-related product concerned, without delay.	9. Member States shall ensure that <i>parallel</i> restrictive measures, <i>proportionate to their specific</i> <i>national situation</i> , are taken <i>without delay</i> in respect of the <i>product model</i> concerned, <i>and</i> <i>shall inform the Commission</i> <i>accordingly</i> .	9. Member States shall ensure that appropriate restrictive measures, such as withdrawal of the [] product from their market, are taken in respect of the [] product concerned, without delay.		
	Artic	ele 6a		
	8	ard procedure		
		ment 55		
	1	aragraph 10		
10. Where, on completion of the	-	1. Where, on completion of the		
procedure set out in paragraphs 4 and 5, objections are raised against a measure taken by a Member State, or where the Commission considers a national measure to be contrary to Union legislation, the Commission shall without delay enter into consultation with the Member States and the supplier and shall evaluate the national measure. On the basis of the results of that evaluation, the Commission shall decide whether the national measure is justified or not.	procedure set out in paragraphs 4 and 5, objections are raised against a measure taken by a Member State, or where the Commission considers <i>such</i> national measure to be contrary to Union <i>law</i> , the Commission shall without delay enter into consultation with the Member States and the supplier, and shall evaluate the national measure, on the basis of the results of <i>which it</i> shall decide whether the national measure is justified or not, <i>and</i> <i>may propose an appropriate</i> <i>alternative measure</i> .	procedure set out in [] <u>Article 6(4)</u> and (5), objections are raised against a measure taken by a Member State, or where the Commission considers a national measure to be contrary to Union legislation, the Commission shall [] without delay enter into consultation with the Member States and the supplier <u>or dealer</u> and shall evaluate the national measure. On the basis of the results of that evaluation, the Commission shall <u>adopt an</u> <u>implementing act determining</u> whether the national measure is justified or not. <u>Those implementing</u> <u>acts shall be adopted in accordance</u>		

Amendment 56				
	Article 6 - paragraph 11			
11. The Commission shall	11. The Commission shall	2. The Commission shall address		
address its decision to all Member	address its decision to all Member	its decision to all Member States and		
States and shall immediately	States and shall immediately	shall immediately communicate it to		
communicate it to them and the	<i>notify</i> it to them and <i>to</i> the	them and the supplier or dealer.		
supplier.	supplier <i>concerned</i> .			
	Amend	ment 57		
	Article 6 - p	aragraph 12		
12. If the national measure is	12. If the national measure is	3. If the national measure is		
considered justified, all Member	considered <i>to be</i> justified, all	considered justified, all Member		
States shall take the measures	Member States shall take the	States shall take the measures		
necessary to ensure that the non-	measures necessary to ensure that	necessary to ensure that the non-		
compliant energy-related product	the non-compliant <i>product model</i>	compliant [] product is withdrawn		
is withdrawn from their market,	is withdrawn from their <i>national</i>	from their market, and shall inform		
and shall inform the Commission	<i>markets</i> , and shall inform the	the Commission accordingly. If the		
accordingly. If the national	Commission accordingly. If the	national measure is considered		
measure is considered unjustified,	national measure is considered to	unjustified, the Member State		
the Member State concerned shall	<i>be</i> unjustified, the Member State	concerned shall withdraw the		
withdraw the measure.	concerned shall withdraw the	measure.		
	measure.			

Amendment 58			
	Article 6 - p	aragraph 13	
13. Where the national measure	13. Where national measure is	4. Where the national measure is	
is considered justified and the	considered <i>to be</i> justified and the	considered justified and the non-	
non-compliance of the energy-	non-compliance of the <i>product</i>	compliance of the [] product is	
related product is attributed to	<i>model</i> is attributed to	attributed to shortcomings in the	
shortcomings in the harmonised	shortcomings in the harmonised	harmonised standards referred to in []	
standards referred to in paragraph	standards referred to in paragraph	Article 6(6), the Commission shall	
6, the Commission shall apply the	6, the Commission shall apply the	apply the procedure provided for in	
procedure provided for in Article	procedure provided for in Article	Article 11 of Regulation (EU) No	
11 of Regulation (EU) No	11 of Regulation (EU) No	1025/2012.	
1025/2012.	1025/2012.		

	Amend	ment 96	
	Article 6 - p	aragraph 13	
	 13a. In the case of proven non- compliance of the product with the requirements laid down in this Regulation and its relevant delegated acts, customers shall have the right to return the product to the dealer free-of- charge and receive from the supplier a full refund of the original purchase price. In cooperation with the market surveillance authorities, the suppliers shall make all reasonable efforts to contact affected customers, in 		
	accordance with applicable		
	consumer rights law.		
		ment 59	
		and paragraph 1	
Article 7 Labels and rescaling	<i>Article 7</i> <i>Procedure for the introduction</i> and rescaling <i>of labels</i>	Article 7 Labels and rescaling	
1. The Commission may, by means of delegated acts adopted pursuant to Articles 12 and 13, introduce labels or rescale existing labels.	1. The Commission <i>is</i> <i>empowered to adopt</i> delegated acts <i>in accordance with Article</i> 13 <i>in order to supplement this</i> <i>Regulation by introducing or</i> <i>rescaling</i> labels.	1. The Commission may <u>, in</u> <u>accordance with the procedures set</u> <u>out in to Articles 11a and 12</u> , introduce labels or rescale existing labels.	
	Labels introduced by delegated		
Article 10 of 1 2010/30/EU b	efore 1 January considered as labels		
---------------------------------	--		
	1a.Labels shall be re-scaled []when technological progress in the relevant product group makes it appropriate. The Commission shall carry out a preparatory study in advance with the aim of launching a label review process. It shall review the label once it		
	a) estimates that 30 percent of the products sold within the Union market fall into the top energy class and further technological development can be expected soon; or		
	b) demonstrates that after the functioning of the existing label for eight years with the current division of classes, the conditions in point (a) are unlikely to be fulfilled within the following seven years.		

group, no models belonging to homogenous A to G scale, the	reasons, impossible to define seven
allowed to be placed on the market any more because of an implementing measure adopted under Directive 2009/125/EC, the class or classes in question shall no longer be shown on the label.rescaled labels for existing product groups, as referred to in paragraph 1, within 5 years after the entry into force of this Regulation, respecting the requirements of paragraph 4.	significant energy and cost savings from a customer's perspective, the abel may, in exception to Article 2(13), contain fewer classes. In that case, the dark green to red spectrum of the label shall be retained.

	refrigerating appliances), 1061/2010 (household washing machines), 1062/2010 (televisions) and 874/2012 (electrical lamps and luminaires) where preparatory studies are finalized, the Commission shall introduce rescaled labels no later than 21 months after the entry into force of this Regulation.		
		ment 61	
		paragraph 3	
3. The Commission shall	3. The Commission shall	3. The Commission shall ensure	
ensure that, when a label is	ensure that any subsequent	that, when a label is introduced or	
introduced or rescaled, the	rescaling for new labels or	rescaled, the requirements are laid	
requirements are laid down so that	rescaled labels referred to in	down so that no products are expected	
no products are expected to fall in	paragraph (2) is initiated once	to fall in energy class A [] at the	
energy classes A or B at the	the following conditions are met,	moment of the introduction of the	
moment of the introduction of the	showing the appropriate	label and so that the estimated time	
label and so that the estimated	technological progress in the	within which a majority of models	
time within which a majority of	relevant product group:	falls into that class shall be at least ten	
models falls into those classes		years later.	
shall be at least ten years later.			

 (a) 25% of the products sold within the Union market fall into the top energy efficiency class A; or (b) 50% of the products sold within the Union market fall into 		
the top two energy efficiency classes A+B.		
Amend	ment 62	
Article 7 - para	graph 3a (new)	
3a. The Commission shall		
ensure, through the inclusion of		
the product group in the working plan pursuant to Article 11, that:		
(a) the preparatory study for rescaling is completed no later than 18 months after the conditions of paragraph 3 are met;		
(b) rescaling is completed, through the review and entry in force of the relevant delegated act in accordance with Article 13, no later than three years after the conditions of paragraph 3 are met.		

Amendment 63			
4. Labels shall be re-scaled periodically.	Article 7 - 14. The Commission shall lay out the requirements for new or rescaled labels aiming for an expected validity of at least ten years.To that end, the Commission shall ensure that, when a label is introduced or rescaled, no products are expected to fall in energy class A at the moment of the introduction of the label.For product groups where the preparatory study referred to in (a) of paragraph 3a shows a fast technological progress, no products are expected to fall in energy classes A and B at the moment of the introduction of the introduction of the introduction of the introduction of the introduction of the interduction of the introduction of 	 4. When, for a given product group, no models belonging to energy classes D, E, F or G are allowed to be placed on the market any more because of an implementing measure adopted under Directive 2009/125/EC, the class or classes in question shall no longer be shown on the label. 	

	Amendment 64 Article 7 - paragraph 5			
5. When a label is rescaled:	5. When, for a given product group, no models belonging to energy classes F or G are allowed to be placed on the market anymore because of an Ecodesign implementing measure adopted under Directive 2009/125/EC, the class or classes in question shall be shown on the label in grey as specified in the relevant delegated act. The standard dark green to red spectrum of the label shall be retained for the remaining upper classes. The changes shall apply only to new product units placed on the market.	5. When a label is rescaled:		
(a) suppliers shall provide both the current and the rescaled labels to dealers for a period of six months before the date specified in paragraph (b).	Deleted (moved to Article 3)	 (a) suppliers shall [] <u>supply in</u> <u>accordance with Article 3(1) (a)</u> both the current and the rescaled labels [] for a period of six months before the date specified in paragraph (b). 		

		In addition, suppliers shall deliver the rescaled label on request from dealers in accordance with Article 3(1) (b) for units placed on the market earlier than the period refered to in the first subparagraph.The second subparagraph of this point shall apply to models, units of which are not placed on the market any more after the start of that period, only if no new testing is required.Dealers shall obtain a rescaled label in accordance with Article 3(2) (b) for the products referred to in the second and third subparagraph.	
(b) dealers shall replace the existing labels on products on display including on the Internet with the rescaled labels within one week following the date specified for that purpose in the relevant delegated act. Dealers shall not display the rescaled labels before that date.	Deleted (moved to Article 3)	(b) dealers shall replace the existing labels on products on display including on the Internet with the rescaled labels within [] 10 days following the date specified for that purpose in the relevant [] implementing act. Dealers shall not display the rescaled labels before that date.	

	Dealers shall be permitted to sell energy- related products without a label or a rescaled label, only where a (rescaled) label has never been produced for a given product and the supplier of the product is no longer active on the market.	(c) By way of derogation from points (a) and (b), implementing acts may provide for specific rules to address the case where energy labels are printed on the packaging.	
		ment 65	
		paragraph 6	
6. Labels introduced by delegated acts adopted in accordance with Article 10 of Directive 2010/30/EU before the date of application of this Regulation shall be considered as labels for the purposes of this Regulation. The Commission shall review those labels within five years of the entry into force of this Regulation with a view to rescaling them.	Deleted (moved to Article 7(1))	6. Labels introduced by delegated acts adopted in accordance with Article 10 of Directive 2010/30/EU before the date of application of this Regulation shall be considered as labels for the purposes of this Regulation. []	

Amendment 66				
	Article 8			
Article 8		Article 8		
Product database		Product database		
The Commission shall establish and maintain a product database including the information referred to in Annex I. The information listed under point 1 of Annex I shall be made publicly available.	 <i>I.</i> The Commission shall establish and maintain a product database, consisting of two different interfaces, the public interface and the compliance interface. <i>The public interface shall</i> contain the information set out in point 1 of Annex I, respecting the functional requirements set out in point 3 of Annex I. <i>The compliance interface shall</i> contain the information set out in point 2 of Annex I, respecting the functional requirements set out in point 4 of Annex I. 	1. The Commission shall establish and maintain a product database [] <u>for the following purposes:</u>		

2. When entering information	
into the product database,	
suppliers shall keep access and	
editing rights to it. Any changes	
shall be <i>dated and clearly visible</i>	
to market surveillance	
authorities.	
Data contained in the	
compliance interface shall be	
used only for purposes linked to	
the enforcement for this	
Regulation and the delegated	
acts adopted pursuant thereto,	
and be prohibited from	
unintended use.	
Suppliers shall be entitled to keep	
on their servers' technical	
documentation pursuant to point	
(c) of Article 3(1), test reports or	
similar conformity assessment	
documentation, as established by	
point 2(a)of Annex I corresponding to tests carried by	
the suppliers themselves	
accessible exclusively to market	
surveillance authorities and the	
Commission.	
The establishment of the	
database shall follow criteria that	
allow for minimising the	
administrative burden for	
suppliers and other database	
users, user-friendliness and cost-	

effectiveness.	
The product database does not replace or modify the responsibilities of the market surveillance authorities.	
3. The Commission, with the support of market surveillance authorities and suppliers, shall pay special attention to the transitional process until the full implementation of the public and compliance interfaces.	

to ad acco supp spec relat	The Commission is empowered dopt delegated acts in ordance with Article 13 plementing this Regulation by cifying the operational details ting to the establishment of product database.		
		(a) to facilitate the market surveillance authorities in carrying out their tasks under this Regulation;	
		(b) to provide the Comission with up-to-date energy efficiency information of products for reviews of energy labels;	
		(c) to provide the public with information about products placed on the market, their energy labels and product information sheets;	
		(d) to enable suppliers to comply with their obligations under Article 3(1a) points (a) and (b);	
		(e) to enable dealers to comply with their obligations under Article 3(2) point (b) (ii).	
		2. <u>The database shall include</u> the information referred to in Annex I.	

entered in suppliers 3(1a) poin shall have to the info record of market su	information shall be to the database by as specified in Article ats (a) and (b). Suppliers e access and editing rights ormation they entered. A changes shall be kept for urveillance purposes,	
editing.	rack of dates of any	
point 1 of publicly av <i>paragraph</i> <u>surveillan</u> <u>Commissi</u> <u>informati</u> <u>Annex I, v</u> <u>safeguard</u> <u>informati</u>	Annex I shall be made vailable. (moved from a 1) <u>The market</u> <u>ce authorities and the</u> <u>on shall have access to the</u> <u>on listed under point 2 of</u> <u>while ensuring the</u> <u>ing of confidential</u> <u>on.</u>	
surveillan that perso accordance	Commission and market ce authorities shall ensure onal data are processed in ce with Regulation (EC) 11 and Directive 95/46/EC, ble.	

	6. The establishment of the	
	database shall take into account the	
	criteria of minimising	
	administrative burden for suppliers	
	and other database users, user-	
	friendliness and cost-effectiveness,	
	and shall ensure appropriate	
	security arrangements and access	
	rights based on the need-to-know	
	principle.	
	7. The Commission shall be	
	empowered, by means of	
	implementing acts, to specify	
	operational details relating to the	
	product database, including any	
	obligations on suppliers and	
	dealers. Those implementing acts	
	shall be adopted in accordance with	
	the examination procedure referred	
	to in Article 12a(2).	
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Amendment 67 Article 9 - paragraph 2			
Article 9		Article 9	
Harmonised standards		Harmonised standards	
After the adoption of a delegated		After the adoption of an []	
act under this Regulation setting		implementing act under this	
specific labelling requirements		Regulation setting specific labelling	
adopted in accordance with		requirements [] the Commission	
Article 13 of this Regulation, the		shall, in accordance with Regulation	
Commission shall, in accordance		(EU) No 1025/2012, publish	
with Regulation (EU) No		references to harmonised standards	
1025/2012 ⁹ , publish references to		that satisfy the relevant measurement	
harmonised standards that satisfy		and calculation requirements of the []	
the relevant measurement and		<u>implementing</u> act in the <i>Official</i>	
calculation requirements of the		Journal of the European Union.	
delegated act in the Official			
Journal of the European Union.			
When during the conformity	2. When during the conformity	When during the conformity	
assessment of a product such	assessment of a product such	assessment of a product such	
harmonised standards are applied,	harmonised standards are applied,	harmonised standards are applied, the	
the product shall be deemed to	the product <i>model</i> shall be	product shall be [] presumed to be in	
comply with the relevant	deemed to comply with the	<u>conformity</u> [] with the relevant	
measurement and calculation	relevant measurement and	measurement and calculation	
requirements of the delegated act.	calculation requirements of the	requirements of the [] implementing	
	delegated act.	act.	

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	Until the relevant measurement and calculation requirements and references to harmonised standards referred to in paragraph 1 have been established, the Commission may publish transitional measurement and calculation methods.	
2a. Harmonised standards shall aim to simulate real-life usage as far as possible while maintaining		
a standard test method, with no prejudice to comparability within the product group.		
2b. Measurement and calculation methods included in the		
harmonised standards shall be reliable, accurate and		
reproducible, and aligned with the requirements of Article 3(1a).		

Amendment 68			
Article 10 - paragraph 1			
Article 10		Article 10	
Consultation		Consultation <u>Forum</u>	
In the conduct of its activities	1. In the conduct of its activities	In the conduct of its activities under	
under this Regulation the	under this Regulation, for the	this Regulation the Commission shall	
Commission shall ensure in	introduction or rescaling of	ensure in respect of each delegated	
respect of each delegated act, a	labels under Article 7, and for	and implementing act, as well as for	
balanced participation of Member	the setup of the database under	the identification of sectors where	
States' representatives and	Article 8, the Commission shall	the condition of 30 percent of the	
interested parties concerned with	ensure a balanced participation of	products sold within the Union	
the product group in question,	Member States' representatives,	market falling into the top energy	
such as industry, including SMEs	including market surveillance	<u>class is unlikely to be fulfilled,</u> a	
and craft industry, trade unions,	authorities, and interested parties	balanced participation of Member	
traders, retailers, importers,	concerned with the product group	States' representatives and interested	
environmental protection groups	in question, such as industry,	parties concerned with the product	
and consumer organisations. For	including SMEs and craft	group in question, such as industry,	
this purpose, the Commission	industry, trade unions, traders,	including SMEs and craft industry,	
shall establish a Consultation	retailers, importers, environmental	trade unions, traders, retailers,	
Forum in which these parties shall	protection groups and consumer	importers, environmental protection	
met. This Consultation Forum	organisations, as well as the	groups and consumer organisations.	
may be combined with the	involvement of the European	For this purpose, the Commission	
Consultation Forum referred to in	Parliament.	shall establish a Consultation Forum	
Article 18 of Directive		in which these parties shall meet. This	
2009/125/EC.		Consultation Forum [] shall be	
		combined with the Consultation	
		Forum referred to in Article 18 of	
		Directive 2009/125/EC.	

	2. The Commission shall establish		
	a Consultation Forum in which		
	the parties listed in paragraph 1		
	shall <i>meet to that purpose. That</i>		
	Consultation Forum may		
	coincide, fully or in part, with the		
	Consultation Forum referred to in		
	Article 18 of Directive		
	2009/125/EC. The minutes of the		
	Consultation Forum meetings		
	shall be published in the public		
	interface of the database		
	established pursuant to Article 8.		
	Amend	ment 69	
	Article 10 –	paragraph 2	
Where appropriate prior to the	3. Where appropriate, prior to the	Where appropriate, [] when	
adoption of delegated acts, the	adoption of delegated acts	preparing implementing acts, the	
Commission shall test the design	adopted pursuant this	Commission shall test the design and	
and content of the labels for	<i>Regulation</i> , the Commission shall	content of the labels for specific	
specific product groups with	test the design and content of the	product groups with [] customers to	
consumers to ensure their clear	labels for specific product groups	ensure their clear understanding of the	
understanding of the labels.	with representative groups of	labels.	
	<i>Union</i> consumers to ensure their		
	clear understanding of the labels.		

Amendment 70 Article 11 - paragraph 1			
Article 11 Working plan		Article 11 Working plan	
The Commission shall, having consulted the Consultation Forum referred to in Article 10, establish a working plan which shall be made publicly available. The working plan shall set out an indicative list of product groups which are considered as priorities for the adoption of delegated acts. The working plan shall also set out plans for the revision and rescaling of labels of products or product groups. The working plan may be amended periodically by the Commission after consultation with the Consultation Forum. The working plan may be combined with the working plan required by Article 16 of Directive 2009/125/EC.	1. The Commission shall adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 13 supplementing this Regulation, after having consulted the Consultation Forum referred to in Article 10, in order to establish a long-term working plan which shall be made publicly available, including through the public interface of the database established pursuant to Article 8.	The Commission shall, having consulted the Consultation Forum referred to in Article 10, establish a working plan which shall be made publicly available. The working plan shall set out an indicative list of product groups which are considered as priorities for the adoption of the <u>specific product groups under</u> <u>Article 11a, and detailed energy</u> <u>labelling requirements under</u> <u>Article 12.</u> The working plan shall also set out plans for the revision and rescaling of labels of products or product groups. The working plan [] <u>shall</u> be amended periodically by the Commission after consultation with the Consultation Forum. The working plan [] <u>shall</u> be combined with the working plan required by Article 16 of Directive 2009/125/EC <u>and reviewed</u> <u>every three years.</u>	

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-		
the working plan in sections		
containing priorities for the		
introduction of energy efficiency		
labels in new product groups, and		
for the <i>rescaling of labels of product</i>		
groups.		
The Commission shall ensure the		
necessary resources to the plan and		
its coherence.		
This working plan may be combined		
with the Ecodesign working plan		
required by Article 16 of Directive		
2009/125/EC.		
The Commission <i>shall update the</i>		
working plan periodically, having		
consulted the Consultation Forum.		
The European Parliament and the		
Council shall be informed annually		
	introduction of energy efficiency labels in new product groups, and for the rescaling of labels of product groups. The Commission shall ensure the necessary resources to the plan and its coherence. This working plan may be combined with the Ecodesign working plan required by Article 16 of Directive 2009/125/EC. The Commission shall update the working plan periodically, having consulted the Consultation Forum. The European Parliament and the	the working plan in sections containing priorities for the introduction of energy efficiency labels in new product groups, and for the rescaling of labels of product groups. The Commission shall ensure the necessary resources to the plan and its coherence. This working plan may be combined with the Ecodesign working plan required by Article 16 of Directive 2009/125/EC. The Commission shall update the working plan periodically, having consulted the Consultation Forum. The European Parliament and the Council shall be informed annually of its progress and shall be formally

Amedment 71			
	Article 12 -	paragraph 1	
Article 12		Article 11a	
Delegated Acts		Specification of product groups	
1. The Commission shall be	1. The Commission <i>is</i>	1. The Commission shall be	
empowered to adopt delegated	empowered to adopt delegated	empowered to adopt delegated acts, in	
acts concerning detailed	acts in accordance with Article	accordance with Article 13, to	
requirements relating to labels for	13 to supplement this Regulation	establish specific product groups of	
specific groups of energy-related	by laying down detailed	energy related products ('specific	
products ('specific product	requirements relating to labels for	product groups') which satisfy the	
groups') in accordance with	specific groups of energy-related	following criteria:	
Article 13.	products ('specific product		
	groups').		
		ment 72	
		paragraph 2	
2. Delegated acts shall specify	2. Delegated acts shall specify		
product groups which satisfy the	products groups which satisfy the		
following criteria:	following criteria:		
(a) according to the most recently	(a) according to the <i>actual</i>	(a) according to the most recently	
available figures and considering	penetration in the Union market,	available figures and considering the	
the quantities placed on the Union	there is significant potential for	quantities placed on the Union market,	
market, the product group shall	saving energy and where relevant,	the product group shall have	
have significant potential for	other resources;	significant potential for saving energy	
saving energy and where relevant,		and where relevant, other resources;	
other resources			

(b) product groups with equivalent functionality shall differ significantly in the relevant performance levels	(b) <i>within the</i> product <i>group</i> , <i>models</i> with equivalent functionality <i>have</i> significantly <i>different energy efficiency</i> levels;	(b) product groups with equivalent functionality shall differ significantly in the relevant performance levels;	
(c) there shall be no significant negative impact as regards the affordability and the life cycle cost of the product group	(c) there <i>are</i> no significant negative <i>impacts regarding</i> <i>affordability, life cycle cost and</i> <i>functionality of the product from</i> <i>the perspective of the user;</i>	(c) there shall be no significant negative impact as regards the affordability and the life cycle cost of the product group.	
		(d) the introduction of energy labelling requirements [] for a product group [] shall not have a significant negative impact on the functionality of the product [] in use.	
		 Products covered by a delegated act adopted pursuant to Directive 2010/30/EU and Commission Directive 96/60/EC shall be deemed to constitute specific product groups within the meaning of this Article. 	

		Article 12 Introduction of energy labelling requirements 1. The Commission shall be empowered to specify, by means of implementing acts the detailed requirements relating to labels for the specific product groups established under Article 11a.	
	Amend	ment 73	
	Article 12 -	paragraph 3	
3. Delegated acts relating to specific product groups shall specify in particular:	3. Delegated acts relating to specific product groups shall specify in particular <i>for the product group concerned</i> :	2. <u>Those implementing acts</u> [] shall specify in particular:	
(a) the definition of the specific product groups falling under the definition of 'energy-related product' set out in Article 2(11) which are to be covered;	(a) the definition of the energy- related <i>products</i> to be covered;	(a) the definition of the specific product group falling under the definition of 'energy-related product' set out in Article 2(11) which <u>is</u> to be covered <u>by the detailed labelling</u> <u>requirements;</u>	

(b) the design and content of the label, including a scale showing consumption of energy consisting of A to G, which as far as possible shall have uniform design characteristics across product groups and shall in all cases be clear and legible;	(b) the design, <i>dimensions</i> , and content of the label, <i>which shall</i> <i>in all cases be clear and legible</i> , <i>taking into account the needs of</i> <i>visually impaired customers</i> , and <i>shall contain in a prominent</i> <i>position the following</i> <i>information determined in</i> <i>accordance with the relevant</i> <i>delagated act</i>	(b) the design and content of the label, including a scale showing consumption of energy consisting of A to G, which as far as possible shall have uniform design characteristics across product groups and shall in all cases be clear and legible. <u>The A-G</u> <u>steps of the classification shall</u> <u>correspond to significant energy</u> and cost actings and appropriate	
	delegated act:	and cost savings and appropriate product differentiation from the	
		customer's perspective;	
	(i) an A to G scale showing the energy efficiency class of the corresponding product model, which as far as possible shall have uniform design characteristics across product groups;		
	(ii) the absolute energy consumption in kWh, displayed per year or per any relevant period of time;		

(c) where appropriate, the use of	(c) where appropriate, the use	(c) where appropriate, the use of other	
other resources and	of other resources and	resources and supplementary	
supplementary information	supplementary information	information concerning energy related	
concerning energy related	concerning energy related	products, in which case the label shall	
products, in which case the label	products, in which case the label	emphasise the energy efficiency of the	
shall emphasise the energy	shall emphasise the energy	product. Supplementary information	
efficiency of the product;	efficiency of the product;	shall be unambiguous and with no	
		negative impact on the clear	
		intelligibility and effectiveness of	
		the label as a whole towards	
		customers. It shall be based on data	
		relating to physical product	
		characteristics that are measurable	
		by market surveillance authorities;	

Amendment 98 Article 12 - paragraph 3 (ca)			
	(ca) where appropriate, the inclusion of a reference on the label allowing customers to identify products with connectivity functions (i.e. smart appliances);		

(d) the locations where the label	(d) the locations where the label	(d) the locations where the label shall	
shall be displayed, such as	shall be displayed, such as	be displayed, such as attached to the	
attached to the product, printed on	attached to the product where no	product, printed on the packaging,	
the packaging, provided in	damage is caused to it, printed on	provided in electronic format or	
electronic format or displayed on	the packaging, provided in	displayed on line, taking into	
line;	electronic format or displayed on	account the implications for	
	line;	consumers, suppliers and dealers;	
(e) where appropriate, electronic	(e) where appropriate,	(e) where appropriate, electronic	
means for labelling products;	electronic means for labelling	means for labelling products;	
	products;		
(f) the manner in which the label	(f) the manner in which the	(f) the manner in which the label and	
and technical information are to	label and technical information	[] product information sheet are to	
be provided in the case of distance	are to be provided in the case of	be provided in the case of distance	
selling;	distance selling;	selling;	

(g) the content and, where	(a) the naguinal contents and	(g) the content and, where	
	(g) the <i>required contents</i> and,		
appropriate, the format and other	where appropriate, the format and	appropriate, the format and other	
details concerning the technical	other details concerning the	details concerning the technical	
documentation and product	product information sheet and	documentation and product	
information sheet;	the technical documentation;	information sheet;	
		(ga) that it is prohibited to place on	
		the market products designed so	
		that a model's performance is	
		automatically altered in test	
		conditions with the objective of	
		reaching a more favourable figure	
		for any of the parameters specified	
		in the implementing act or included	
		in any of the documentation	
		provided with the product;	
(h) that when verifying	(h) that when verifying	(h) that when <u>Member States</u> verify	
compliance with the requirements,	compliance with the requirements,	compliance with the requirements,	
only those verification tolerances	only those verification tolerances	only those verification tolerances that	
that are set out in the delegated	that are set out in the delegated	are set out in the [] implementing	
act(s) shall apply;	act(s) shall apply;	act(s) shall apply;	
(i) the obligations on suppliers	(i) the obligations on suppliers	(i) the obligations on suppliers and	
and dealers in relation to the	and dealers in relation to the	dealers in relation to the product	
product database;	product database;	database;	
(j) the specific indication of the		(j) the specific indication of the	
	(j) where appropriate, the		
energy class to be included in	specific indication of the energy	energy class to be included in	
advertisements and technical	class to be included in	advertisements and technical	
promotional material, including	advertisements and technical	promotional material, including	
requirements for this to be in a	promotional material, including	requirements for this to be in a legible	
legible and visible form;	requirements for this to be in a	and visible form;	
	legible and visible form;		

(k) the conformity assessment procedures and the measurement and calculation methods to be used to determine label and product information sheet information;	(k) the conformity assessment procedures and the measurement and calculation methods, <i>as</i> <i>established in Article 9</i> , to be used to determine label and product information sheet information, <i>including the</i> <i>definition of the Energy</i> <i>Efficiency Index (EEI), or</i> <i>equivalent parameter, and its A</i> <i>to G steps setting the energy</i> <i>efficiency classes</i> ;	(k) [] the measurement and calculation methods to be used to determine label and product information sheet information;	
(l) whether for larger appliances a higher level of energy efficiency		(l) whether for larger appliances a higher level of energy efficiency is	
is required to reach a given energy		required to reach a given energy class;	
class;			
(m) the format of any additional	(m) the format of any additional	(m) the format of any additional	
references on the label allowing	references on the label allowing	references on the label allowing	
customers to access through	customers to access through	customers to access through electronic	
electronic means more detailed	electronic means more detailed	means more detailed information on	
information on the product	information on the product	the product performance included in	
performance included in the	performance included in the	the product information sheet;	
product information sheet;	product information sheet;		

(n) whether and how energy classes describing the product's energy consumption during use should be shown on smart meters or on the product's interactive display;	 (n) whether and how energy classes describing the product's energy consumption during use should be shown on smart meters or on the product's interactive display; 	 (n) whether and how energy classes describing the product's energy consumption during use should be shown [] or on the product's interactive display; 	
(o) the date for the evaluation and possible revision of the delegated act.	(o) the date for the evaluation and possible revision of the delegated act.	(o) the date for the evaluation <u>and</u> possible consequent revision of the [] implementing act;	
		(p) where appropriate, differences in energy performances in different climatic regions;	
		(q) that the model identifier shall be accessible both to customers and national authorities.	

			1
For the content of the label as	Deleted (moved to the definition		
referred to in point (b) of the first	of label)	Moved to point (b) above	
subparagraph, the A-G steps of			
the classification shall correspond			
to significant energy and cost			
savings from the customer's			
perspective.			
For the format of references	For the format of references	For the format of references referred	
referred to in point (m) of the first	referred to in point (m) of the first	to in point (m) of the first	
subparagraph, those references	subparagraph, those references	subparagraph, those references may	
may take the form of a website	may take the form of a website	take the form of a website address, a	
address, a Quick Response (QR)	address, a <i>dynamic</i> Quick	Quick Response (QR) code, a link on	
code, a link on on-line labels or	Response (QR) code, a link on on-	on-line labels or any other appropriate	
any other appropriate consumer-	line labels or any other	consumer-oriented means.	
oriented means.	appropriate consumer-oriented		
	means <i>linking to the public</i>		
	interface of the database		
	established pursuant to Article 8.		
	cstubilisticu pursuunt to inticic 0.	3. Those implementing acts shall	
		be adopted in accordance with the	
		examination procedure referred to	
		in Article 12a(2).	
The introduction of a label for a	The product information sheet as	Moved to Article 11a(1) (d)	
product to be covered by a	referred to in point (g) of the first		
delegated act shall not have a	subparagraph, shall provide		
significant negative impact on the	direct links to the public interface		
functionality of the product from	of the database established		
the perspective of the user.	pursuant to Article 8, and it shall		
	be made available to customers		
	in all the Union official		
	<i>languages</i> of the <i>national</i>		
	markets where the corresponding		
	product model has been made		
	available.		
	avanable.		

The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts regarding operational details relating to the product database, including any obligations on suppliers and dealers in accordance with Article 13.	The Commission <i>is</i> empowered to adopt delegated acts <i>in</i> <i>accordance with Article 13</i> <i>supplementing this Regulation by</i> <i>laying down</i> operational details <i>related</i> to the product database, including any obligations on suppliers and dealers.	See Article 8(7)	
	Regarding information referred to in point (g) of the first subparagraph, in order to ensure proper safeguarding of confidential information and technical documentation, those delegated acts shall specify the information that is to be uploaded in the product database and what information to be available on the request of national authorities and the Commission.		

Amendment 74				
 Article 12 - paragraph 3a (new)				
3a. The Commission shall keep an updated inventory of all delegated acts supplementing this Regulation and those developing the Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC, including complete references to all harmonised standards that satisfy the relevant measurement and calculation methods, as of Article 9, and it shall make it publicly available.				
	4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1 to 3, for each specific product group covered by Article 11a(2), the Commission shall adopt an implementing act, exclusively and entirely reproducing the detailed requirements set out in the delegated acts adopted under Artice 10 of Directive 2010/30/EU.			
	Any amendment to or replacement of those implementing acts shall follow the procedure set out in paragraphs 1 to 3.			

		<u>Article 12a</u> <u>Committee procedure</u>	
		1. The Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. [] This committee shall be the committee referred to in Article 19 of Directive 2009/125/EC.	
		2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
Article 13 Exercise of the delegation		<i>Article 13</i> Exercise of the delegation	
1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	

Amendment 75				
Article 13 - paragraph 2				
2. The delegation of power	2. The <i>power to adopt</i>	2. The delegation of power		
referred to in Articles 7 and 12	delegated acts referred to in	referred to in Article 11a [] shall be		
shall be conferred on the	Articles 7, 8(4), 11(1) and 12 shall	conferred on the Commission [] for		
Commission for an indeterminate	be conferred on the Commission	a period of five years from [the date		
period of time from the date of	for <i>a</i> period of six <i>years from 1</i>	of application of this Regulation].		
application of this Regulation.	January 2017.	The Commission shall draw up a		
	The Commission shall draw up a	report in respect of the delegation of		
	report in respect of the delegation	power not later than six months		
	of power not later than nine	before the end of the five-year		
	months before the end of the six-	period. The delegation of power		
	year period.	shall be tacitly extended for periods		
	The delegation of power shall be	of an identical duration, unless the		
	tacitly extended for periods of an	European Parliament or the		
	identical duration, unless the	Council opposes such extension not		
	European Parliament or the	later than three months before the		
	Council opposes such extension	end of each period.		
	not later than three months			
	before the end of each period.			
		2a. It is of particular importance		
		that the Commission follow its usual		
		practice and carry out consultations		
		with experts, including Member		
		States' experts, before adopting		
		those delegated acts. The		
		consultation of Member States'		
		experts shall take place following		
		the consultation pursuant to Article		
		<u>10.</u>		

Amendment 76					
	Article 13 - paragraph 3				
3. This delegation of power	3. <i>The</i> delegation of power	3. The delegation of power			
referred to in Articles 7 and 12	referred to in Articles 7, 8(4),	referred to in Article 11a [] may be			
may be revoked at any time by the	11(1) and 12 may be revoked at	revoked at any time by the European			
European Parliament or by the	any time by the European	Parliament or by the Council. A			
Council. A decision to revoke	Parliament or by the Council. A	decision to revoke shall put an end to			
shall put an end to the delegation	decision to revoke shall put an	the delegation of the power specified			
of the power specified in this	end to the delegation of the power	in this Regulation. It shall take effect			
Regulation. It shall take effect the	specified in <i>that decision</i> . It shall	the day following the publication of			
day following the publication of	take effect the day following the	the decision in the Official Journal of			
the decision in the Official Journal	publication of the decision in the	the European Union or at a later date			
of the European Union or at a	Official Journal of the European	specified therein. It shall not affect the			
later date specified therein. It shall	Union or at a later date specified	validity of any delegated acts already			
not affect the validity of any	therein. It shall not affect the	in force.			
delegated acts already in force.	validity of any delegated acts				
	already in force.				
	Amend	ment 77			
	Article 13 - para	agraph 3a (new)			
	<i>3a. Before adopting a</i>	Corresponds to para 2a above			
	delegated act, the Commission				
	shall consult experts designated				
	by each Member State in				
	accordance with the principles				
	laid down in the				
	Interinstitutional Agreement on				
	Better Law-Making of 13 April				
	2016.				

4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.		4. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	
		ment 78	
	Article 13 -	paragraph 5	
5. A delegated act adopted	5. A delegated act adopted	5. A delegated act adopted	
pursuant to Articles 7 and 12 shall	pursuant to Articles 7, 8(4), 11(1)	pursuant to Article <u>11a</u> [] shall enter	
enter into force only if no	and 12 shall enter into force only	into force only if no objection has	
objection has been expressed	if no objection has been expressed	been expressed either by the European	
either by the European Parliament	either by the European Parliament	Parliament or the Council within a	
or the Council within a period of	or the Council within a period of	period of two months of notification	
two months of notification of that	two months of notification of that	of that act to the European Parliament	
act to the European Parliament	act to the European Parliament	and the Council or if, before the	
and the Council or if, before the	and the Council or if, before the	expiry of that period, the European	
expiry of that period, the	expiry of that period, the	Parliament and the Council have both	
European Parliament and the	European Parliament and the	informed the Commission that they	
Council have both informed the	Council have both informed the	will not object. That period may be	
Commission that they will not	Commission that they will not	extended by two months at the	
object. That period may be	object. That period <i>shall</i> be	initiative of the European Parliament	
extended by two months at the	extended by two months at the	or of the Council.	
initiative of the European	initiative of the European		
Parliament or of the Council.	Parliament or of the Council.		

Amendment 79				
Article 14 - paragraph 1				
Article 14		Article 14		
Evaluation		Evaluation and report		
No later than eight years after the entry into force, the Commission shall assess the application of this Regulation and transmit a report to the European Parliament and the Council. That report shall assess how effectively this Regulation has allowed customers to choose more efficient products, taking into account its impacts on business.	By [6 years after the entry into force of this Regulation], the Commission shall assess the application of this Regulation and submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council. This report shall assess how effectively this Regulation and its delegated acts have allowed customers to choose more energy efficient products, taking into account criteria such as its effect on business, energy consumption, greenhouse gases emissions, market surveillance activities, and the cost to establish and maintain the database. The evaluation exercise conducted under the first paragraph shall make explicit use of the annual follow-up reports regarding enforcement and market surveillance	No later than eight years after the entry into force <u>of this Regulation</u> , the Commission shall assess the application of this Regulation and transmit a report to the European Parliament and the Council. This report shall assess how effectively this Regulation <u>and its delegated and</u> <u>implementing acts</u> have allowed customers to choose more efficient products, taking into account its impacts on business.		

4 .: 1 15	
Article 15	Article 15
Repeal	Repeal and transitional measures
Directive 2010/30/EU is repealed	1. Subject to paragraph 2.
with effect from 1 January 2017.	Directive 2010/30/EU is repealed with
	effect from 1 January 2017.
	2. A delegated act adopted
	pursuant to Directive 2010/30/EU[]
	and Commission Directive 96/60/EC
	are repealed with effect from the
	moment when the corresponding
	implementing act adopted pursuant
	to Article 12 (4) applies. However,
	the legal effects of Article 11a(2)
	shall be maintained as regards the
	products concerned.
References to Directive	3. References to <u>the repealed</u>
2010/30/EU shall be construed as	Directive [] shall be construed as
references to this Regulation and	references to this Regulation and shall
shall be read in accordance with	be read in accordance with the
the correlation table set out in	correlation table set out in Annex II.
Annex II.	

	4. For models, units of which are placed on the market in accordance with Directive 2010/30/EU before the date of application of this Regulation, suppliers shall, for a period ending five years after the last product was manufactured, make an electronic version of the technical documentation available for inspection within 10 days of a request received from market surveillance authorities or the Commission.
	Amendment 80
	Article 16 - paragraph 3
Article 16	Article 16
Entry into force	Entry into force
This Regulation shall enter into	This Regulation shall enter into force
force on the day following that of	on the day following that of its
its publication in the Official	publication in the Official Journal of
Journal of the European Union.	the European Union.
It shall apply from 1 January	It shall apply from 1 January 2017.
2017.	
	Article 11a(2), Article 12(4) and
	Article 15(2) shall apply from the
	entry into force of this Regulation.

However, Article 3(1)(d) shall	However, <i>point (d) of</i> Article 3(1)	Article 3(1a) (a) shall apply from 1	
apply from 1 January 2019.	shall apply <i>as soon as the public</i>	January 2019.	
	interface of the product database		
	established pursuant to Article 8		
	is fully operational, and in any		
	event no later than 1 January		
	<i>2018</i> .		
This Regulation shall be binding		This Regulation shall be binding in its	
in its entirety and directly		entirety and directly applicable in all	
applicable in all Member States		Member States.	
Done at Brussels,		Done at Brussels,	
For the European Parliament For		For the European Parliament	
the Council		For the Council	
The President The President		The President	
		The President	

Amendment 81 Annex I - title and point 1			
ANNEXI		ANNEX I	
Information to be included in the product database	Information to be included in the product database, <i>plus functional requirements</i>	Information to be included in the product database	
1. Publicly available product information:	1. Information to be included in the public interface of the database:	1. Publicly available product information:	
(a) manufacturer's or supplier's name or trademark;	(a) the name or trademark, address, contact details and other legal identification of the supplier;	(a) [] the supplier's name or trademark;	
	(aa) contact details of the Member State market surveillance authorities;		
(b) the model identifier(s), including of all equivalent models;	(b) the model identifier(s), including of all equivalent models;	(b) the model identifier [];	
(c) the label in electronic format;	(c) the label in electronic format;	(c) the label in electronic format;	
(d) the class(es) and other parameters on the label;	(d) the energy efficiency class(es) and other parameters of the label;	(d) the class(es) and other parameters on the label;	
(e) the product information sheet in electronic format.	(e) the parameters of the product information sheet in electronic format;	(e) [] the parameters of the product information sheet [].	

	 (ea) Member States' education and information campaigns as referred to in Article 4(4); (eb) working-plan of the Commission as referred to in Article 11; (ec) minutes of the Consultation Forum; (ed) inventory of delegated acts and harmonised standards 	
	applicable.	
	Amendı Annex I - titl	
2. Compliance information, only available to Member States' market surveillance authorities and the Commission:	2. Information to be included in the compliance interface of the database:	2. Compliance information, only available to Member States' market surveillance authorities and the Commission:
(a) the technical documentation specified in the applicable delegated act;	(a) test report or similar conformity assessment documentation enabling to assess compliance with all requirements in the relevant delegated act, including testing methods and series of measurements;	(a) the technical documentation specified in the applicable [] <u>implementing act;</u>
		(aa) the model identifier of all equivalent models:

(b) test report or similar technical evidence enabling compliance with all requirements in the applicable delegated act to be assessed;	(b) provisional measures adopted in the frame of market surveillance related to this Regulation;	(b) [];	
(c) name and address of the supplier;	(c) the technical documentation referred to in point (c) of Article 3(1):	 (c) name, address <u>and contact</u> <u>details</u> of the supplier; 	
(d) the contact details of a representative of the supplier.	(ca) direct contact details of the Member State market surveillance authorities and Commission coordination;	(d) [].	
	(cb) Member States' and Commission's outcome of the compliance checks and, if applicable, corrective action and		
	restrictive measures taken by the market surveillance authorities as referred to in Articles 5 and 6.		

Amendment 83 Annex I - point 2a (new)		
2a. Functional requirements for the public interface of the database:		
(a) each product model shall be organised as an individual record;		
(b) it shall enable consumers to easily identify the best energy class populated for each product group, allowing them to compare model characteristics and to choose the most energy efficient products;		
(c) it shall generate as a single viewable and printable file the energy label of each product, as well as the linguistic versions of the complete product information sheet, covering all the official languages of the Union;		
(d) the information shall be machine readable, sortable and searchable, respecting open standards for third party use, free of charge;		

I			
(e)) redundant registration shall		
be	e automatically avoided;		
) an online helpdesk or contact		
pa pa	pint for customers shall be		
es	tablished and maintained,		
cl	early referenced on the		
in	terface.		
	Amend	ment 84	
	Annex I - po	oint 2b (new)	
	b. Functional requirements for		
th	e compliance interface of the		
da	atabase:		
(a)) strict security arrangements		
fo	r the safeguarding of		
co	onfidential information shall be		
en	isured;		
) access rights shall be based		
01	n the need-to-know principle;		
(c)) a link shall be provided to the		
In	formation and Communication		
Si Si	vstem on Market Surveillance		
-	CSMS).		